

АННОТАЦИЯ И КЛЮЧЕВЫЕ СЛОВА

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SOME ASPECTS OF YOUTH EXTREMISM TENDENCIES

G. V. Akimova

Abstract. The tendencies of youth extremism are considered and the main directions of prevention and prevention of this type of illegal activity are listed.

Keywords: crime, extremism, trends, youth, youth extremism.

SOCIAL PROGRAMS AS A MEANS OF IMPLEMENTING CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ORGANIZATION

M. P. Apukhtin,

Abstract. In the conditions of socio-economic development of society, fundamentally new approaches to the implementation of corporate social responsibility of organizations and business corporations are needed. The main social programs implemented within the framework of CSR by various organizations, in particular Sberbank PJSC, are considered.

Keywords: civil society, social orientation, corporate social responsibility, social programs, protection of the rights and legitimate interests of citizens.

ECONOMIC METHODS OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT IN THE BODIES OF THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS: PROBLEMS AND WAYS OF THEIR SOLUTION

S. V. Bubnov, N. V. Malakhova,

Abstract. This article is devoted to the study of the issue of economic methods of personnel management in the internal affairs bodies. The authors define the concept and types of management methods, and also characterize economic management methods. Considerable attention is paid to the salaries of the monetary maintenance of employees of the internal affairs bodies. The authors come to the conclusion of improving the modern system of stimulating the performance of employees of internal affairs bodies.

Keywords: management methods, economic methods, monetary allowance, salaries, additional payments, financial incentives.

LEGAL PROPAGANDA AS A MEANS OF FORMING ANTI-CORRUPTION BEHAVIOR

A. A. Vikhlyaev, D. A. Kharlamova,

Abstract. Corruption continues to be one of the most urgent problems of modern Russian society. In this article, the authors raise the issues of implementing such a preventive measure as

legal propaganda and the application of its methods for the implementation of general prevention of corrupt behavior in today's realities.

Keywords: propaganda, anti-corruption behavior, prevention, countermeasures, corruption.

ABOUT SOME ASPECTS OF IMPROVING THE DEMOGRAPHIC POLICY IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

M. V. Donskaya, A. M. Slesareva, A. O. Gulabyan,

Abstract. The article analyzes one of the priority documents in the field of family support by the state authorities and its bodies — the Concept of Demographic Policy of the Russian Federation for the period up to 2025. The strengths and weaknesses of the implementation of this Concept are considered, ways to improve state policy in the field of family support are proposed. Using the statistical data comparison methodology, a number of indicators were analyzed: infant mortality, marriages and divorces, population growth. Based on the data obtained, the need to improve the directions of demographic policy of the state authorities of the Russian Federation was identified.

Keywords: the concept of demographic policy, state, family, government agencies, infant mortality, population growth, family support policy, subsidies, subsidies, maternity capital.

PERSONALITY OF CRIMINAL — THE METAPHYSICAL SUBJECT MATTER OF CRIMINOLOGY

E. S. Zhigarev,

Abstract. Contemporary post-Soviet criminology as the basic object of study continues to position the criminality, been the certain social phenomenon (in this connection necessary to note that each phenomenon is observed, but criminality — no), self-deterministic in view of its own reasons. In one of the present textbooks the author writes: «Reasons and conditions form the criminogenic determinants... combined actions of which cause criminality and crime». As it follows from the thesis, the author speaks about two independent phenomena. Supposedly actually crime is self-determined under the action of external negative factors, but it is not the product of illegal actions of the concrete persons. In this connection the contributor advanced the personality of criminal to the first roles in criminology and represented by its metaphysical substance of man, by moral-spiritual category, on state of which depends the behavior of individual. Using results of investigating the personality of orthodox anthropology, were examined the basic spiritual signs, which make with its metaphysical hypostasis of man. On the basis of this is done the conclusion that materialist criminology this object for the study not under the force is, since into the spiritual sphere by it way ordered. Consequently, contemporary non-ideologized criminology must change materialist methodology for the idealistic.

Keywords: personality of criminal, metaphysical personality, criminology, orthodox anthropology, irreducibility, freedom, openness, uniqueness, integrity, lack of perception, creative aspiration.

ON THE ISSUE OF PROCEEDINGS IN CASES OF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFENSES THAT INFRINGE ON THE SANITARY AND EPIDEMIOLOGICAL WELL-BEING OF THE POPULATION, HEALTH, PUBLIC MORALITY

E. V. Lisitsyna, V. N. Amelchakova,

Abstract. The issues related to the peculiarities of proceedings in cases of administrative offenses encroaching on the sanitary and epidemiological welfare of the population, health, public morality are analyzed.

Keywords: proceedings in cases of administrative offenses, participants in legal proceedings, the subject of law enforcement proceedings.

EXPERIENCE IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INSTITUTE OF PAROLE FROM SERVING A SENTENCE IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

E. V. Mikhaylova

Abstract. The issues of the implementation of the institution of conditional early release from serving, aimed at encouraging law-abiding behavior of persons who have committed a crime and sentenced to imprisonment, are considered. The legislation of the Russian Federation and a number of foreign countries in the sphere of the application of conditional early release of persons serving sentences in penitentiary institutions is analyzed. Conclusions are drawn about the possibility and expediency of using foreign experience in Russian practice.

Keywords: criminal liability, conditional early release from serving a sentence, mitigation of punishment, correction; legislation.

CORRELATION OF THE SIGNS OF THE SUBJECT OF THE CRIME AND THE IDENTITY OF THE CRIMINAL WHO COMMITTED VANDALISM

Yu. D. Nalimov,

Abstract. The article analyzes such definitions as «the identity of the criminal» and «the subject of the crime», which are directly related to the person who committed a socially dangerous act, but at the same time are not subject to identification.

Keywords: the subject of vandalism, the identity of the criminal who committed vandalism, the differentiation of the concepts of «the subject of the crime» and «the personality of the criminal».

CURRENT STATUS OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR CRIMINAL COMMERCIAL LEGAL ENTITIES OF THE ECONOMIC POLICE FORCE OF VIETNAM: SOME PROBLEMS AND WAYS OF THEIR SOLUTION

Nguyen Anh Tai,

Abstract. The content of the article deeply researches and analyzes the current situation of criminal prosecution for criminal commercial legal entities of the Economic Police force in recent years. From there, the author assesses the difficulties and obstacles and draw suggestions and recommendations to improve the efficiency of criminal prosecution for commercial legal entities in the coming time.

Keywords: criminal liability, commercial legal entity, economic police, Vietnam.

ISSUES OF INTERACTION OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES WITH CITIZENS ON PREVENTION AND DETECTION OF OFFENSES COMMITTED REMOTELY OR VIA THE INTERNET

I. V. Potapenkova, E. N. Yarmonova,

Abstract. The main directions of interaction of internal affairs bodies with citizens on prevention and detection of offenses committed remotely or via the Internet are determined. The content and objectives of interaction under the influence of factors of the complicated operational situation in the country are revealed.

Keywords: internal affairs bodies, police, prevention of offenses, detection of offenses.

FEATURES OF THE LEGAL STATUS OF A POLICE OFFICER

T. A. Prudnikova, V. A. Sukhareva,

Abstract. The status of a police officer is analyzed based on the legislation of the Russian Federation.

Keywords: police officer, legislation, rights, duties, responsibility, restrictions and prohibitions.

THE ACTIVITIES OF THE DISTRICT POLICE COMMISSIONER FOR THE PREVENTION OF FRAUD COMMITTED USING REMOTE PAYMENT TECHNOLOGIES

Yu. V. Rastyapin,

Abstract. The issues of countering fraud committed with the use of remote payment technologies by carrying out preventive measures by the district police commissioner are considered.

Keywords: district police officer, prevention, remote payment technologies, fraud.

IDENTIFICATION AS A METHOD OF OBTAINING INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE IDEAL TRACES OF THE CRIME

A. I. Rakhimov,

Abstract. The mechanism of identification is described as one of the ways to «extract» the information contained in the ideal traces of the crime. The processes of recognition, including simultaneous and sequential recognition, are considered. The practical necessity of presentation for identification by voice and identification by touch is described. The analysis of the content of Article 193 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Russian Federation was carried out. Proposals have been made to expand the content of Article 193 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Russian Federation by the norms regulating the presentation of a person's voice for identification and the procedure for identification by touch.

Keywords: ideal traces of a crime, investigative actions, identification, recognition, simultaneous recognition, successive recognition, identification.

USE OF INFORMATION AND TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS FOR THE FORMATION OF SUICIDAL BEHAVIOR OF MINORS

Yu. A. Strauning¹, S. V. Bubnov², L. N. Ivleva,

Abstract. The problem of the negative impact on adolescent children by information and telecommunication networks, and in particular, the Internet, is considered. Special attention is paid to the statistical data of adolescent suicides. The opinions of various scientists and authors who characterize the criminological features of the subjects of criminal acts are given. The most urgent problems that arise in practice in the qualification of bringing minors to suicide are highlighted. As an example, there are «death groups» that purposefully incline minors to suicide. The idea is substantiated that it is necessary to carry out preventive work with minors, as well as to monitor suicidal tendencies in their behavior.

Keywords: incitement to suicide, inducement to suicide, suicide, suicidal behavior, minor, information and telecommunication networks, the Internet, «groups of death».

ENVIRONMENTAL LAW OF INDIA: CURRENT ASPECTS

P. A. Shablin, N. D. Eriashvili, O. P. Osodoev, Yu.A. Ivanova,

Abstract. Over the past twenty years, concepts such as the environmental crisis, global warming and climate change have not left the agenda in almost all countries. In the modern world, the solution of environmental problems is one of the key directions in the policy of not only developed, but also developing countries such as India.

Keywords: India, nature, ecology, water bodies, environment, modern legislation.

CRIME PREVENTION: THE PROBLEM OF MODERNITY

N. D. Eriashvili¹, G. M. Sarbayev,

Abstract. The attitude to crime as a negative social phenomenon suggests that society should develop a strategy to combat it. One of the directions of such a strategy is the prevention of crimes, which literally means protecting people, society and the state from them. At the same time, the concept of «crime prevention» remains controversial; it is defined in different ways, and therefore the content of the relevant activity is changing.

Keywords: crimes, responsibility, crime prevention, crime prevention, disclosure, investigation.

SELECTED ASPECTS OF COMBATING CYBERCRIME IN THE FINANCIAL AND CREDIT SECTOR

A. V. Dolbilov,

Abstract. The article considers and analyzes certain aspects of countering the commission of economic crimes in cyberspace, as well as identifies the main reasons for their commission. The author notes that countering cybercrimes in the financial and credit sphere is one of the priority tasks of law enforcement agencies.

Keywords: cyberspace, cybercrime, countering economic crimes, financial and credit system.

THREATS TO THE ECONOMIC SECURITY OF AN ORGANIZATION IN THE FIELD OF INNOVATION

E. I. Kuznetsova,

Abstract. The article determines that innovation activity is a prerequisite for economic growth and is in the focus of strategic activities of enterprises and the state. Based on the conducted research, we get a different concept of risk in the field of economic security from the risk of entrepreneurial activity. The determining factor here is the possibility of harming national interests, by which in the proposed study we mean weak innovation activity, lag in the development and implementation of new and promising technologies.

Keywords: risk of innovation activity, innovation activity, national interests.

METHODS OF COUNTERING THE COMMISSION OF OFFENSES AND CRIMES IN THE TAX SPHERE

M. R. Nakova,

Abstract. The article examines the essence of the functional organization of the tax system of the Russian Federation, the author reveals the issues of prevention and suppression of tax offenses and crimes committed by the business community, justifies the expediency of

improving tax control, changing the system of responsibility for committed offenses and crimes in the tax sphere, implementing measures to prevent the commission of new tax offenses.

Keywords: tax offenses, tax crimes, state budget, taxes.

THE USE OF MATHEMATICAL PARADOXES IN THE STUDY OF NATURAL SCIENCES

S. R. Krupinskaya, E. I. Taranina,

Abstract. The professional competencies necessary for the development of students (cadets) studying in the so-called technical areas of training (specialties) are considered. The necessity of mastering the apparatus of mathematical logic is revealed, primarily in the course of studying natural science disciplines. A list of the main mathematical paradoxes with an indication of the sequence of their solution is given.

Keywords: mathematics, natural sciences, mathematical paradoxes, educational process, natural science disciplines.

EXPERIENCE AND PROSPECTS OF MATHEMATICAL MODELING CRIMINOGENIC SITUATION

V. A. Minaev, K. M. Bondar,

Abstract. The experience and prospects of applying the methodology of mathematical modeling in solving problems of analysis, assessment and forecasting of the criminogenic situation are considered. It is shown that the methods based on the classical mathematical apparatus are characterized by a limitation of their capabilities. On the contrary, the methodology of simulation modeling, taking into account analytical approaches and implemented on modern platforms, provides new perspectives in the research of the criminogenic situation.

Keywords: criminogenic situation, analytical method, simulation approach, mathematical modeling.

THE MAIN TASKS OF DIGITALIZATION OF RUSSIAN EDUCATION

A. O. Putilov, E. R. Zaripova,

Abstract. The author's team has identified the main tasks facing educational institutions, the solution of which will allow the use of information technologies to achieve a high level of mastering educational programs by students and cadets, including when switching to distance learning. The reasons for the digitalization of education in our country are highlighted and its importance is emphasized.

Keywords: digitalization, digital transformation, digitalization of Russian education, distance learning, information technology.

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF SOFTWARE PLATFORMS IMPLEMENTING DISTANCE LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES

Yu. V. Filimonova, A. O. Putilov,

Abstract. The article considers software platforms used by educational institutions for the organization of distance learning. The advantages and disadvantages of using each of the above software products are revealed. The most adapted platforms necessary for conducting distance learning have been identified.

Keywords: information technologies, software platforms, distance-learning technologies, distance learning, educational process.