

The formation of communicative competence police officers

S.R. Asyanova,

Abstract. This article discusses current issues related to the formation of communicative competencies and police officers. The main pedagogical principles that have shown their effectiveness in practice are highlighted. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: communicative competence, competence, principles of pedagogy, police officers, Ministry of internal Affairs.

PROFESSIONALLY NECESSARY MENTAL PROPERTIES AND ABILITIES OF A LAWYER AS A PREREQUISITE FOR SUCCESS IN THE WORKPLACE

T.L. Baranova,

Abstract. This article examines the professionally necessary mental properties and abilities of a lawyer as a prerequisite for success in the workplace. On the one hand, the features that contribute to the knowledge of the organizational foundations of the professional functions performed, and on the other hand, to the improvement of the organization of this activity, are revealed. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: lawyer, mental properties, labor activity.

PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCE OF A PSYCHOLOGIST: HUMAN OR COMPUTER

V.N. Batishchev,

Abstract. This article discusses various aspects related to the professional competencies of a psychologist. The problem is raised that in recent years, more and more often, when making a psychodiagnostic conclusion based on the results of the examination of the subject, psychologists are trusted less than hardware and software complexes. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: psychodiagnostics, human, computer, professional competence, psychologist.

PERSONAL AND PROFESSIONAL PREDISPOSITION AS THE BASIS OF DIAGNOSTICS IN THE PROFESSIONAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL SELECTION OF CIVIL SERVANTS

T.I. Borodina,

Abstract. This article deals with the problems of personal and professional predisposition as the basis of diagnostics in the professional and psychological selection of civil servants. It is concluded that the formation of an optimal system of professional selection to state bodies is the most important strategic task of state organizations. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: psychodiagnostics, public service, personal and professional predisposition, professional and psychological selection.

FEATURES OF FORMATION OF ETHNO-PSYCHOLOGICAL COMPETENCE OF MANAGERS INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES

V.V. Vakhnina,

Abstract. This article discusses the features of the formation of ethnopsychological competence of heads of internal Affairs bodies. The author concludes that it is expedient to take into account the level of the main essential characteristics of the EPC when developing diagnostic tools to identify the managerial qualities of the "reserve of personnel for higher positions" that determine the effectiveness in making managerial decisions in a multi-ethnic environment, namely: self-control and self-regulation, possession of constructive ways of responding to conflicts, reflexivity, communication skills, efficiency of thinking, orientation of the individual. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: ethno-psychological competence, internal Affairs agencies, psychological testing.

THE PROBLEM OF CHOOSING METHODS OF DEFINITION PERSONAL AND PROFESSIONAL SUITABILITY OF CANDIDATES FOR SERVICE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES

D.V. Deulin, D.E. Alekseev,

Abstract. This article discusses the problems of choosing methods for determining the personal and professional suitability of candidates for service in the internal Affairs bodies. It is concluded that the existing system of professional psychological selection faces difficulties in coordinating the professional experience of psychologists and standardizing the decision-making procedure on the personal and professional suitability of a candidate for service in the Department of internal Affairs. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: personal and professional fitness, internal Affairs agencies, psychodiagnostics.

INTERRELATION OF ACCENTUATIONS OF PERSONALITY CHARACTER WITH PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITY OF INTERROGATORS AND INVESTIGATORS

V.A. Dronova, T.Yu. Polozova, N.B. Alaskarov,

Abstract. This article deals with the problems of interrelation of accentuations of personality character with the professional activities of interrogators and investigators. It is concluded that people with pronounced characterological features of hyperthymic, emotive, excitable and demonstrative types work for the longest time in the investigative practice of the Department of internal Affairs, it is easier for them than others to get used to changing ways of solving committed offenses. All other types – anxious, unbalanced, dysthymic, and others-predominate in small numbers among employees of investigative departments or do not exist at all. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: personal and professional fitness, internal Affairs agencies, psychodiagnostics, investigator, investigator.

ANALYSIS OF TYPICAL PROFESSIONAL MISTAKES IN THE ACTIVITIES OF POLICE INTERROGATORS – THE WAY TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF TRAINING

I.G. Elesina,

Abstract. This article analyzes typical professional mistakes in the activities of police investigators as a way to improve the quality of training. It is concluded that, firstly, the identification of typical professional errors and difficulties of interrogators is an important prerequisite for improving the process of professional training and professional development of employees of investigative bodies, and secondly, the Main ways to improve the professionalism of interrogators is to increase the knowledge of employees and stimulate their responsibility and motivation when performing investigative actions. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: professional mistakes, internal Affairs agencies, psychodiagnostics, investigator, quality of preparedness.

THE ROLE OF NOISE IMMUNITY IN THE EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES OF CADETS OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS USING THE METHOD OF AUDITORY EVOKED POTENTIALS

E.I. Erokhina, L.E. Deryagina,

Abstract. This article discusses the role of noise immunity in the educational activities of cadets of the Ministry of internal Affairs using the method of auditory evoked potentials. It is concluded that the use of the SVP method and psychodiagnostic methods of mental cognitive processes is also possible in the professional activity of an employee, when creating a more complex version of auditory stimulation, as well as combining it with other cognitive processes associated with the monotonous activity of employees. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: noise immunity, internal Affairs agencies, Ministry of internal Affairs, cadet, auditory evoked potentials.

PROFESSIONAL SELF-DEVELOPMENT OF STUDENTS IN THE TRAINING SYSTEM OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA

T.L. Zhuravleva,

Abstract. This article discusses various aspects of professional self-development of students in the training system of the Ministry of internal Affairs of Russia. It is concluded that the use of the interactive

method in training-role-playing in professional self-development is based on the activity of the student, self-identification of errors and awareness of the need to develop professional qualities. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: professional self-development, internal Affairs agencies, Ministry of internal Affairs, cadet, training.

THEORETICAL APPROACHES TO THE STUDY OF COMMUNICATION ABILITIES OF GRADUATES OF EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

S.V. Zdorova,

Abstract. This article discusses theoretical approaches to the study of communication abilities of graduates of educational organizations. The main approaches are analytical, multi-component and system. The author conducts a comparative analysis and concludes with conclusions corresponding to the study.

Keywords: communication skills, graduate, psychodiagnostics.

FEATURES OF SENSORIMOTOR REACTIONS IN EMPLOYEES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES DEPENDING ON FROM AGE CHARACTERISTICS AND LENGTH OF SERVICE

E.G. Zueva,

Abstract. This article discusses the features of sensorimotor reactions in employees of internal Affairs bodies, depending on age characteristics and service experience. Based on the results of an empirical study of indicators of age and length of service in the internal Affairs bodies, the relationship of age characteristics with some psychophysiological characteristics is shown; as well as significant differences in psychophysiological characteristics depending on the length of service in the selected groups. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: sensory-motor reaction, the police officers, internal Affairs bodies, age peculiarities, the length of service.

PSYCHOLOGICAL FEATURES OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF PROFESSIONALLY SIGNIFICANT QUALITIES OF POLICE OFFICERS

I.A. Parshutin, V.V. Klubnikina,

Abstract. The article presents the results of a study of the dynamics of professionally important qualities of employees during their service in the operational divisions of the Ministry of internal Affairs of Russia. It is established that personal qualities and attitude to professional activity do not differ statistically depending on the length of service in operational divisions of the Ministry of internal Affairs of Russia. Employees with more than 10 years of experience differ from less experienced colleagues in their high readiness for operational investigative activities, their desire for self-improvement and the development of professionally important personal qualities.

Keywords: professionally important qualities of an employee of internal Affairs bodies, operational search activity, motivation, locus of control, personality quality, professional experience.

THE PROBLEM OF PERSONAL RESOURCES AND COPING BEHAVIOR OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS IN THE CONDITIONS OF PROFESSIONAL WORK

S.S. Poltarykhin,

Abstract. The article considers the correlation of personal resources and coping behavior of law enforcement officers as the most essential conditions for ensuring the reliability and effectiveness of professional activities.

Keywords: enforcement authorities, professional activity, personal resources, coping behavior, adaptation.

TOPICAL ISSUES OF PREVENTION OF PROFESSIONAL DEFORMATION OF EMPLOYEES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES

M.A. Shelepova,

Abstract. The Problems of professional deformation of the individual as a whole and professional deformation of employees of internal Affairs bodies are one of the most urgent problems both in practical and applied, and in scientific and psychological terms. This is due to the fact that every profession, and especially an employee of the internal Affairs bodies, requires certain psychophysiological qualities necessary for successful activity. At the same time, the latter have quite high requirements for the neuropsychic sphere. This is due to many factors: working in extreme conditions, increased responsibility, and irregular working hours. The article presents various points of view of scientists on the definition of professional deformation, the causes of its occurrence in employees of internal Affairs bodies, objects and subjects of prevention of such deformation. On the basis of which the main tasks of prevention of professional deformation of employees of internal Affairs bodies are identified. Prevention of professional deformity is a set of measures that include both psychological and educational measures. The role of educational organizations of the Ministry of internal Affairs of Russia in such prevention, as well as in General training and education of employees of internal Affairs bodies, is highlighted.

Keywords: deformation, personality, professional deformation, an employee of internal Affairs bodies, prevention.

ON THE QUESTION OF THE FEATURES OF EDUCATIONAL WORK AMONG THE POLICE OFFICERS IN THE SOVIET PERIOD

L.A. Alekseeva, O.V. Belyaeva,

Abstract. This article deals with the peculiarities of educational work among employees of Department of internal Affairs in the Soviet period. It is concluded that as a result of a fairly long history of development of the Soviet police, a complete system of educational work was formed. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: educational work, the police officers, the Soviet period.

FORMATION OF LEGAL AWARENESS AS A FACTOR IN THE FORMATION OF PROFESSIONAL IDENTITY OF AN INDIVIDUAL AT THE STUDENT AGE

D.A. Artishcheva,

Abstract. This article discusses the features of the formation of legal awareness as a factor in the formation of professional identity of a person at the student age. The thesis is concluded that most of the experimental group does not represent themselves in the future in the chosen profession. And only a small part is sure of their choice. In contrast, most of the control group assumes that they work within the chosen profession and field of activity. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: legal awareness, professional identity of the individual, student, student age.

STUDY OF COORDINATION OF ISOLATED MOVEMENTS IN POLICE DRIVERS (AZ) USING THE MPM-05 SOFTWARE AND DIAGNOSTIC COMPLEX

N.P. Bakulin,

Abstract. This article deals with the study of coordination of isolated movements in police drivers (AZ) using the software and diagnostic complex MPM-05. It is concluded that the use of a structural and functional model for improving professional skills of safe management of special transport "paddy wagon" by police drivers using a dynamic automobile obstacle course allows us to identify the average result of coordinated hand-foot coordination of respondents. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: police driver, coordination of isolated movements, dynamic obstacle course.

FORMATION OF A RESPONSIBLE ATTITUDE TO OFFICIAL DUTY AMONG CADETS AND STUDENTS OF DEPARTMENTAL EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

V.V. Batkhaev, СюМ. Oparina,

Abstract. In the scientific article, the authors consider the features of forming a responsible attitude to official duty among students of departmental educational organizations.

Keywords: official duty, responsible attitude, cadet, moral self-education, Patriotic education.

THE ROLE OF DEVELOPING THE COMMUNICATIVE CULTURE OF FUTURE LAWYERS IN THE EDUCATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

A.M. Bisultanov,

Abstract. This article examines the role of developing the communicative culture of future lawyers in the educational environment. The thesis is concluded that the communicative culture of University students is not sufficiently developed, therefore, organizational and methodological work is necessary to develop it. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: communicative culture, lawyer, educational environment.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS THE CONTROL OF RESIDUAL KNOWLEDGE WITH THE HELP OF CORRELATION CHARTS

O.M. Bulgakov, A.I. Ladyga, O.N. Ryaboshapko,

Abstract. This article discusses the interpretation of the results of residual knowledge control using correlation diagrams. It is concluded that the modified correlation diagrams allow us to diagnose a noteworthy deviation of the results of the control of residual knowledge from the intermediate certification, which is not visually detected by the correlation diagram. At the same time, a combination of visual and analytical methods is used to increase the reliability of interpretation of the results of GOATS. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: control of residual knowledge, correlation diagrams, intermediate certification.

THE IMPORTANCE OF SPIRITUAL AND MORAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE INDIVIDUAL IN THE PEDAGOGY OF A.S. MAKARENKO FOR THE PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITY OF EMPLOYEES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES

Z.V. Vasilyeva,

Abstract. This article discusses the importance of spiritual and moral development of the individual in the pedagogy of A.S. Makarenko for the professional activity of employees of internal Affairs bodies. It is concluded that among the tools that form the value of work, one can distinguish following traditions, knowledge of history, and the study of Humanities. In addition, an important role in shaping attitudes to work is played by socially significant motivation, awareness of the connection of one's own activities with the activities of a division, Department, Department, or Ministry as a whole. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: spiritual and moral development, personality, pedagogy of A.S. Makarenko, employees of the Department of internal Affairs.

ON THE ROLE OF EXTRAPOLATION IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF HISTORICAL AND LEGAL RESEARCH IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

V.N. Galuzo,

Abstract. In the article on the basis of the analysis of legal literature and legislation on extrapolation as a method of scientific knowledge, and its application in the implementation of historical and legal research, several judgments are substantiated: the purpose of philosophy in the development of methods of cognition, which features should be used in different branches of science, including both in historical and in law; in jurisprudence extrapolation will establish the development of specific legal institutions and their original purpose; this extrapolation allows to establish the legal institution of power of attorney: to ensure uniform implementation of legislation by the representatives of the office of the Prosecutor; that extrapolation allows to establish the essence of the legal institution of combating crime: the exclusive duty of the representatives of authorized positions, currently consisting of separate law enforcement agencies (especially the interior); it is extrapolation, confirming the essence of exclusive personal responsibility of representatives of positions that will eliminate corruption-generating loopholes in the current law enforcement personnel (especially employees of internal Affairs bodies).

Keywords: Russian Federation, legislation, Constitution of the Russian Federation, philosophy, law, history, historical and legal research, method of scientific knowledge, extrapolation, position, state body.

METHODS OF CONDUCTING PRACTICAL CLASSES IN THE DISCIPLINE «HISTORY OF STATE AND LAW OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES»

O.V. Garina,

Abstract. This article discusses the method of conducting practical classes in the discipline "History of state and law of foreign countries". The thesis is concluded that at the end of each lesson, the student must have a set of knowledge, skills and abilities. It should examine and analyze state-legal institutions in their retrospect. The use of intersubject connections contributes to the achievement of the lesson goal, and the gradual complication of tasks contributes to the activation of educational and cognitive reality. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: practical training, methods of conducting classes, HPSS.

FINES – AS THE MOST EFFECTIVE WAY TO FIGHT CRIME

O.Yu. Goltseva, M.K. Yarmak,

Abstract. In this article, the author considers the problem of fines as one of the most effective ways of combating crime, both directly and indirectly. The index of violations in the field of traffic rules in the regions of the Russian Federation is analyzed. The author proposes the concept of a Fine penalty system, the main factor in the implementation of which is the obligation to pay a fine. Also, the author considers the possibility of a fine as the main and most common type of punishment in the vast majority of crimes.

Keywords: fine; offense, traffic rules; potential offenders; crime index; punishment; citizens; law.

PEDAGOGICAL PROCESS OF DEVELOPMENT OF AESTHETIC TASTE OF EMPLOYEES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES

E.N. Gordeeva,

Abstract. This article discusses the pedagogical process of developing the aesthetic taste of employees of internal Affairs bodies. It is concluded that the developed aesthetic taste contributes to the formation of a positive image of a police officer, has a determining effect on his moral values. Aesthetic culture combines all the manifestations of real and everyday human life-actions, relationships, work, appearance, etc. The universal humanitarian value that defines the beauty of a person and a law enforcement officer as a representative of the state is humanity. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: aesthetics, aesthetic taste, and the pedagogical process, the staff of ATS.

COMPARATIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF LANGUAGE EDUCATION IN THE USA, GREAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA

I.A. Gorsheneva, J.T. Abdullaeva, A.E. Artabaeva,

Abstract. The article discusses the pedagogical systems of the USA, Great Britain and Russia, and methodological concepts in the context of solving the problem of the formation of foreign language competence among students, as well as the models and examples of their use that exist within these approaches.

Keywords: methodological concepts, higher education, linguistic education, foreign language communication, foreign language competence.

PROFESSIONAL PEDAGOGICAL CULTURE OF A TEACHER AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PRINCIPLE OF INTERACTIVITY IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS

N.A. Deeva,

Abstract. This article examines the professional pedagogical culture of a teacher and the implementation of the principle of interactivity in higher education institutions. The author concludes that professional pedagogical culture is the main system-forming factor in the formation of a teacher and is a primary factor in the effectiveness of implementing the principle of interactivity in modern education. In conclusion, the author draws conclusions corresponding to the research.

Keywords: pedagogical culture, teacher, teacher, interactivity principle, educational process, organization of higher education.

USAGE OF MOBILE APPLICATIONS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF VOCABULARY ASPECTS OF STUDENTS AT A NON LINGUISTIC UNIVERSITY

O.A. Emelyanova,

Abstract. The article deals with the use of mobile applications for the development of foreign language lexical skills of students at a non-linguistic University. The advantages and disadvantages of the Memrise application are shown in the table. In conclusion, it is said that it is necessary to start from traditional methods of teaching.

Keywords: mobile applications, vocabulary aspects, health threats, mobile technologies in education, traditional teaching methods.

THE ROLE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS IN SHAPING THE WORLDVIEW OF MODERN YOUTH. «NETWORK ETHICS» IN DEPARTMENTAL EDUCATION

I.A. Kushnarenko, A.S. Erdniev,

Abstract. The article deals with the problems of implementing modern distance education technologies in the system of departmental education. The authors were studied and summarized various experiences of professional interaction in the network and influence of the network-communication on the formation of national culture and worldview of young people.

Keywords: axiology, values, globalization, distance education technologies, worldview, ethics in the network, mass communication media.

SOME PROBLEMS OF PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION BETWEEN EMPLOYEES OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

V.F. Rodin, A.M. Khomutov,

Abstract. The article discusses some problems of the communicative competence of employees of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. The influence of the level of communication skills on the success of the activities of employees of internal affairs bodies.

Keywords: Communicating, communicating, exchanging information, communicating, communicating function.

ANALYSIS OF THE FACTORS INFLUENCING EFFICIENCY OF FORMATION OF PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCE OF STUDENTS OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS OF THE MIA OF RUSSIA

Yu.N. Russkova,

Abstract. The article analyzes the factors that affect the effectiveness of the educational process and the formation of professional competencies among cadets of educational organizations of the Ministry of internal Affairs of Russia. It is assumed that one of the factors of successful learning of knowledge, skills and abilities is the subject-subject interaction between the teaching staff and cadets. The article presents an experimental study of factors and individual qualities that affect the effectiveness of the formation of components of professional competencies (motivational-value, cognitive, activity), by means of an expert survey.

Keywords: teaching staff, professional competence, cadets, educational organizations of the Ministry of internal Affairs of Russia, professional education, subject-subject interaction.

PHYSICAL PREPARATION AS A MEANS FORMATION OF STRESS RESISTANCE AT TRAINING EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF THE SYSTEM OF THE RUSSIAN MIA

A.L. Slavko, A.D. Chaplygina,

Abstract. The scientific article discusses the impact of physical training on the formation of stress resistance in students in educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia. The unity of the physical and psychological health of students was revealed, it was proved that physical training classes can neutralize changes in the body caused by emotional stress, and also the characteristics of stress resistance formation during the educational process in physical training classes are determined.

Keywords: physical preparation, stress tolerance, student, healthy lifestyle, emotional state, psychological stress, communication.

STUDY OF THE COMPONENTS OF THE ADAPTATION OF CADETS TO THE EDUCATIONAL PROCESS

A.I. Tkachenko, D.G. Morev, A.A. Tret'yakov,

Abstract. In the article, the authors touch upon the problem of adapting cadets to the educational process in the higher educational organization of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia. The specifics of training is due to the characteristics of the service in the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia. They are associated with the presence of special personal qualities in young people, psychological resistance to critical situations and heavy loads, a high level of physical fitness, as well as professionalism as an integrative quality. The listed features should be taken into account and verified during the entire training in an educational organization. The authors conduct a study with cadets 1-3 courses. In total, about 100 cadets took part in the study. A study was conducted of indicators of health, academic performance, level of physical fitness and adaptability. The dynamics of changes in these indicators from 1 to 3 courses of study was analyzed. As a result of the study, we can conclude that the adaptation of cadets is a multilateral process. A properly organized adaptation process allows for the gradual formation of professionally significant qualities among cadets. Moreover, this process is due to the relationship and interaction of teachers and cadets. A large role in the formation of the personality of the cadet is assigned to course officers.

Keywords: educational activity, cadets, adaptation, physical preparation, health, physical qualities, incidence.

ADAPTIVE ROLE OF THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE IN THE INTEGRATION PROCESS OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES CITIZENS ON THE TERRITORY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

M.O. Khabarin,

Abstract. The Article is devoted to the analysis of the problem of knowledge and learning of the Russian language by foreign citizens of Russia, on the territory of the Russian Federation. The analysis of Federal legislation and state policy in the field of migration aimed at regulating migration flows is carried out. The main directions and methods for studying and improving the Russian language by foreign citizens in Russia are proposed.

Keywords: migration, migration processes, migration policy, foreign citizens, Russian language, illegal migration.