

Аннотации и ключевые слова

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PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS OF ATTRACTIVENESS OF THE IMAGE OF THE PROFESSION OF A POLICE OFFICER

V. S. Agapov, V. N. Druzhinina,

Abstract. The article examines the role of the image of the profession of a police officer in the development of professional subjectivity and regulation of official activity. The necessity of identifying psychological factors of attractiveness of the image of the profession of a police officer is substantiated. The results of an empirical study of the system of psychological factors of attractiveness of the image of the profession of a police officer are presented (informational-cognitive, socio-perceptual, professional-moral, differential-gender, professional-ethical).

Keywords: subjectivity, official activity, subject, police officer, profession image, factor, personality, activity, regulation.

ENCOURAGING CADETS OF EDUCATED INSTITUTIONS OF PEOPLE'S PUBLIC SECURITY TO PATRIOTISM AND THE DESIRE TO DEVELOP A PROSPEROUS AND HAPPY COUNTRY AT THE PRESENT TIME

Dang Xuan Zuong,

Abstract. Educating patriotic spirit, nurturing dreams, ambitions and aspirations to develop a prosperous and happy country for students of the People's Public Security is particularly important in the cause of national construction and defense.

Keywords: patriotism, aspiration to develop the country, students of the People's Police.

SOCIO-PSYCHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE DELINQUENTS

D. V. Deulin,

Abstract. Within the framework of the scientific publication, the issues of socio-psychological characteristics of minors, the causes of their antisocial and criminal behavior at the present stage of the development of public relations are considered. The subject of the study is the socio-psychological characteristics of juvenile offenders. The main research method is content analysis of literary sources, generalization, classification, abstraction, etc. The author summarizes the data and comes to the construction of a socio-psychological model of the personality of a juvenile offender based on his individual psychological characteristics. The article will be of interest to a wide range of readers.

Keywords: minor, offenses, crime, social environment, Internet, teenager, personality traits, A.Y.E.

RELATIONSHIP OF BASIC BELIEFS OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OFFICERS WITH THE NOTION OF SOCIAL INTERACTION

K. V. Zlokazov, Yu. A. Novikova, I. V. Gaidamashko, A. V. Shakhmatov,

Abstract. The article describes the results of the study of basic beliefs of the personality of the relationship of world assumptions with the individual's conception of social interaction. It is shown that world assumptions influence, social life of the person, interaction and interpersonal relations. By analyzing the scientific ideas, the importance of studying basic beliefs for psychological support of internal affairs officers is argued. It is defined, that representation of social interaction represents social communications of the person with people and groups. The hypothesis on relations between basic beliefs and representations about social interaction is formulated. The research sample included 168 persons, the average age of the respondents was 24.5 years (SD = 2.4 years), and 42.3 % were men. Statistically significant correlations (at $p < 0.01$) characterizing the relationship of seven basic beliefs with the indicators of social interaction of personality were obtained. The hypothesis of conducted study finds confirmation in groups of correlations. World assumptions about benevolence, fairness, and good fortune are related to an individual's perception of the social support of others. World assumptions about the ability to control life events are related to social self-esteem. It is shown that the prospects for further research are related to the verification of

findings and further study of the influence of world assumptions on social interaction.

Keywords: basic beliefs, perception of social support, self-esteem, interaction management, social resources.

STUDIES OF THE MEANING OF LIFE ORIENTATIONS OF CONVICTS IN MODERN PSYCHOLOGY

N.A. Ilinykh,

Abstract. The article analyzes the main approaches to the study of the meaning of life orientations of convicts in psychology. It is established that in modern psychology, the problems of the formation and change of life-meaning orientations have not been studied in many categories of convicts, the aspect of the emergence of life-meaning orientations, as well as the totality and interaction of personal properties, characteristics that determine the basis for the formation and development of life-meaning orientations of convicts have not been sufficiently studied.

Keywords: life orientations; convicts; legal psychology.

ILLEGAL BEHAVIOR OF DRUG ADDICTED MINORS CONVICTED ON PROBATION: ANALYSIS OF SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC AND CRIMINAL-LEGAL FEATURES

A. Y. Kryazheva,

Abstract. The relevance of the study of the unlawful behavior of drug addicted minors, conditionally convicted, registered with the penitentiary inspectorates of the Federal Penitentiary Service, is due to the consistently high level of juvenile delinquency. The article presents an analysis of socio-demographic and criminal-legal drug addicted minors, conditionally convicted with illegal behavior. The following psychodiagnostic tools were used as research methods: analysis of convictions, personal files, questionnaires and a survey. It has been established that the majority of drug addicted minors are brought up in single-parent families, study

in schools, have no income of their own, most of them have been brought to the police, more than half of the minors have committed crimes against property.

Keywords: criminal-executive inspection, drug addicted juvenile convicted conditionally, unlawful behavior, socio-demographic characteristics, criminal law peculiarities.

THE MAIN ASPECTS OF TOLERANCE AS A PROFESSIONALLY IMPORTANT QUALITY OF A POLICE OFFICER

S. Yu. Mikhailova, E. A. Slesareva, N. V. Zadokhina,

Abstract. The article examines the degree of expression of the communicative attitude, communicative tolerance and tolerance of the personality of police officers, determined by gender characteristics, age, service experience in the internal affairs bodies.

Keywords: tolerance of police officers; intolerance of society; diagnostic study of the level of tolerance; communicative tolerance.

COMMUNICATIVE COMPONENT OF THE ORATORICAL SKILLS OF THE PROSECUTORS WHILE THE STATE PROSECUTION IN THE COURT

I. N. Navrotskaya, A. V. Timofeeva,

Abstract. The authors of the article address the issue of the communicative component of law enforcement officers, in particular, the prosecution during the consideration of cases in court. The features of the reasoned speech of the prosecution are taken into account when teaching oratory in an educational organization. The authors note that the evidence of speech is determined by the compliance of his reasoning with the basic laws of logic, the comprehensiveness of knowledge in the field of the case under consideration and the provision of publicity, the openness of the investigation process and the movement towards solving the crime. It is important to use facts, to do so boldly and in tandem with other aspects of the prepared speech.

Keywords: oratory, communication skills, competence, evidence, formal business style, professional activity.

PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PEDAGOGICAL ASPECTS OF A DYSFUNCTIONAL FAMILY AS A FACTOR IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR OF ADOLESCENTS

G. N. Pirbudagov, V. V. Puzhaev,

Abstract. The main psychological and pedagogical aspects of a dysfunctional family are considered, the role of child-parent relations in the formation of destructive behavior of adolescents is determined.

Keywords: dysfunctional family, destructive behavior, adolescents, psychological and pedagogical aspects, social norm.

CONFLICTOLOGICAL READINESS OF EMPLOYEES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES AS A COMPONENT OF THEIR PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

E. N. Polunina, A. V. Antonova,

Abstract. The article discusses the concept of "Conflictology", defines the main procedural directions for the formation of conflictological readiness of future employees of the Department of Internal Affairs for professional activity. The principles of formation of conflictological readiness of police officers are revealed. The pedagogical ways and conditions of formation of conflictological readiness of future employees of the Department of Internal Affairs are analyzed.

Keywords: conflictology, conflictological readiness, conflict tolerance, conflictological skill.

PSYCHOLOGY OF CONFLICT RESOLUTION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

V. F. Rodin, I. B. Maryasis,

Abstract. Law enforcement activity takes place in conditions of disguised and overt conflicts that occur in its most diverse areas. The authors consider the prerequisites for the emergence of conflicts in the police department, and propose measures to overcome and prevent destructive conflicts.

Keywords: internal conflicts, overcoming destructive conflicts in the police department, psychological measures, conflict prevention.

FEATURES OF THE RECEPTIVITY OF THE TEACHER OF EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA TO INNOVATIONS IN PEDAGOGICAL ACTIVITY

E. V. Svetlakova,

Abstract. The article deals with the problems of receptivity of teachers of educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia of innovative processes in pedagogical activity. The characteristics of innovations and the degree of novelty in pedagogy are analyzed. A model of innovation activity is given. The criteria and their indicators of susceptibility to innovation processes are studied. The types of perception of innovations by teachers and ways of overcoming emerging difficulties in the process of integrating innovations into the educational process are indicated.

Keywords: pedagogical activity, educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, pedagogical innovations.

PERSONAL AWARENESS OF THE EVENT UNDER INVESTIGATION: APPROACHES TO THE DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT

F. K. Svobodniy,

Abstract. Based on the analysis of a number of publications by Russian psychologists, the article clarifies the essence of the phenomenon of "awareness" and its place in the structure of personality. There are three approaches to

understanding the awareness of the individual. Some types of personal awareness are considered. There is such a type of awareness as «awareness of the individual about the event». The author's definitions of the concepts «awareness of the individual about the event» and «awareness of the individual about the event under investigation» are proposed.

Keywords: awareness, experience, personality, event, awareness of the person about the investigated event.

PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS IN THE TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION OF THE MENTALLY ILL: THE FORMATION OF MOTIVATION AND PARTICULAR MOTIVATING INFLUENCES

N. D. Semenova,

Abstract. This article discusses motivation issues in the context of treatment and rehabilitation processes in psychiatry and provides the basic principles of motivational enhancement interventions.

Keywords: motivation, psychosocial therapy, treatment and rehabilitation of the mentally ill.

SOCIO-PSYCHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF INFORMATION SECURITY

A. N. Sukhov,

Abstract. This article reveals the relevance of researching the problem related to information security. as well as the essence of the socio-psychological approach to its understanding is considered. This type of security is associated with a model for the development of the information society. Therefore, it is no coincidence that the most important task is to create a full-fledged information security theory. It analyzes external and internal threats to information security. These include: hacker attacks, break-ins, interference, intrusion into the national information system; criminal information threats; information and psychological warfare, etc. The article also analyzes the practice of overcoming these threats in order to ensure information security. Without this, it is impossible to talk about its effective

provision. This is achievable only by eliminating a number of negative consequences of the process of informatization of society.

Keywords: information security, external internal threats, information threats, information-psychological warfare, socio-psychological competence, profile, decision-making, information society.

DIRECTIONS OF THE ORGANIZATION OF ACTIVITIES ON PREVENTION OF OUTSTANDING MINORS IN EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

A. A. Bazulina, O. M. Doroshenko, I. G. Evseeva,

Abstract. The article is devoted to the problem of raising a healthy generation, which is relevant in the light of the economic and social development of Russia. From the point of view of the authors, for the development of modern society and improving the quality of life of all segments of the population, an integral element is the preventive activities of a general educational organization aimed at eradicating such undesirable phenomena as neglect of minors. Neglect has a chain of negative consequences, one of which is their unlawful behavior. In this regard, according to the authors, it is necessary to create technologies for the early diagnosis of child's problems, ensuring the prevention of crisis situations.

Keywords: neglect, prevention, deviant behavior, lawful behavior, areas of activity, family, minors.

MORAL AND ETHICAL FOUNDATIONS OF THE TEACHER'S ACTIVITY IN THE FORMATION OF PROFESSIONAL QUALITIES OF CADETS OF EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA

A. V. Vashkevich, A. G. Ermakov, V. A. Belyankina,

Abstract. This article examines the problems of a radical modernization of education, the role of teachers in the purposeful formation of the creative and creative qualities of the personality of cadets and students of educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, their ability to

independently acquire knowledge, skills and abilities, generate new modern scientific, technical and social ideas that are in demand by society.

Keywords: pedagogical activity, higher professional education, innovative activity, police officer, pedagogical position, cadets, students of educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia.

SCIENTIFIC HERITAGE OF LAWYERS - ACADEMICIANS OF THE RUSSIAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES IN THE SYSTEM OF LEGAL EDUCATION

M. A. Volkova, E. S. Kuchenin,

Abstract. The article presents a generalized historical and legal analysis of the scientific views of a number of academicians of the Russian Academy of Sciences (Trainin I. P., Vyshinsky A. Ya., Venediktov A. V., Laptev V. V., Kudryavtsev V. N., Nesesyants V. S.) and the influence of their scientific heritage on the concepts of Russian legal education that existed in the XX century. The author notes the ideologization of the legal understanding that developed after the revolution and served to form a legist understanding of law in the Soviet scientific legal environment for many years, which most significantly affected the content of professional legal education regarding approaches to the disclosure of understanding of various state-legal phenomena in general, and regarding the content of legal regulation in narrower fields, such as economic law, criminology and criminal law, in particular. The dependence of legal doctrine on politics, which was formed in the first half of the XX century, was overcome only by the seventies of the XX century. It is noted that this period is characterized by the creation, including by the efforts of legal academics, of new scientific schools of legal understanding and the further development of world legal thought, which obviously also affected the content of modern professional legal training.

Keywords: jurisprudence, legal education, content of professional training, scientific heritage, legal academics, state-legal reality, legal ideology, pluralism.

SOCIO-CRIMINALISTIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PERSONALITY OF A MINOR WHO HAS COMMITTED A CRIME

O. M. Doroshenko, A. V. Puptseva,

Abstract. The article is devoted to the actual public and social threat of juvenile criminality. From the authors' point of view, juvenile delinquency is one of the most acute socio-legal problems of modern Russian society. Neglect entails a chain of negative consequences, one of which is their illegal behavior.

Keywords: minors, crime, teenager, act, investigation, investigation, society, prevention.

LEVELING THE EFFECT OF THE UNEVEN DISTRIBUTION OF THE AMOUNT OF TIME ALLOTTED FOR MASTERING THE DISCIPLINE BY CONSIDERING SEVERAL TOPICS WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF ONE LESSON

V. S. Durnev,

Abstract. Within the framework of this article, the author: highlights the problem of unevenness of the “effect of uneven distribution of time allotted for mastering the discipline”; proposes and describes a methodology for leveling such an effect by considering several topics within the framework of one lesson.

Keywords: educational and methodical work; academic discipline; academic hour; Auditory lessons; the effect of uneven amount of time; consideration of several topics within the same lesson.

IS EDUCATION A SERVICE?

S. S. Zhevlakovich,

Abstract. The article analyzes the processes aimed at radically changing the social role of education in Russian society. The problem is considered in the context of the general transformation of the federal system of vocational education

Keywords: vocational education as a stage of personality socialization; the quality of education; system of vocational education, federal state educational standard of higher education (FSES HE), basic educational program (BEP), functions of FSES

HE, design and implementation of BEP, competencies, indicators of achievement of competencies, qualifications.

CHANGING THE FORCEFULNESS OF CADETS AND LISTENERS OF THE FEMALE EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA

A. A. Zaytsev, A. V. Shchukin,

Abstract. Based on the results of the implementation of the test exercise «Powerary integrated exercise for 1'» by cadets and listeners of the female in Moscow University of Russia named after V. Ya. Kikot', pointer, conducted their (results) statistical processing, with the definition of standard quantitative values (average value, standard deviation, coefficient of variation, growth, accuracy of differences), which allowed us to obtain objective information about changing the level of development of power endurance of the muscles of the upper extremities, abdominal press and backs Student. The presence of positive dynamics is established in the results of the test task when conducting systematic practical training on official and applied physical training with cadets and listeners of the female party of the educational organization «Moscow University of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia named after V. Ya. Kikot'».

Keywords: women's cadets, women's listeners, educational organization of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, Moscow University of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia V. Ya. Kikot', power stamina, control exercise, test task, years of training, course, statistical indicators, arithmetic average, standard deviation, variation ratio, reliability of differences.

PEDAGOGICAL SUPPORT OF COMPULSORY MEASURES OF EDUCATIONAL INFLUENCE ON JUVENILE DELINQUENTS

T.A. Kazakova, I. V. Vassilyeva,

Abstract. The article presents the results of an empirical study. The aim of the study is to increase the effectiveness of compulsory measures for juvenile delinquents through the development and implementation of the pedagogical

support system of these measures. The urgency of the research is determined by the lack of the scientific and methodological support for the practical implementation of compulsory measures of educational influence on juvenile delinquents; by the low level of the psychological and pedagogical readiness of the subjects of the pedagogical interaction; insufficiency of the pedagogical support as the most important condition of these measures effectiveness. The results of the investigation proved the effectiveness of the pedagogical support system of compulsory measures for juvenile delinquents.

Keywords: components of the system, compulsory measures, delinquent adolescents, educational influence, pedagogical support.

HISTORICAL SKETCHES OF CAREER ORIENTATION OF YOUNG PEOPLE IN RUSSIA AND IN THE WORLD

L. A. Kazantseva, V. I. Krasilnikov, S. Ya. Kazantsev,

Abstract. The authors carried out historical background of career orientation of young people in Russia and in the world. One was carried out according to the data of open publications and according to the author's research.

Keywords: career orientation, career orientation of youth, historical aspects of career orientation of youth.

INFLUENCE OF SOCIETY DIGITALIZATION ON THE PROCESS OF TRAINING CADETS/ STUDENTS OF SPECIALLY-APPLIED PHYSICAL TRAINING

I. N. Marchenko, S. A. Nosov, V. M. Bichkov,

Abstract. This work will be useful for instructors and teachers of service-applied physical training to conduct classes remotely in the current pandemic situation in the world.

Keywords: distance learning, service-applied physical training, pandemic, information technology.

FIRE TRAINING IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES: PROBLEMS AND DEVELOPMENT PROSPECTS

N. P. Mayurov, I. B. Bantyukov, V. N. Trabo,

Abstract. The article analyzes the teaching methodology and the state of legal regulation of the system of organizing firepower training for the direction and prospects of further development of the studied sphere of professional education of employees of internal affairs bodies. Particular attention is paid to the content side of the current shooting course in order to identify ways to further increase the effectiveness of training employees of internal affairs bodies in shooting skills.

Keywords: fire training; internal affairs bodies; weapons; firearms; employee; police officer; the use of weapons; service pistol; shot; shooting; order; manual on the organization of fire training in the internal affairs bodies; legal regulation; legislation; shooting exercises: educational activities; an organization carrying out educational activities; professional training; tactics; tactical task; technical training aids.

FORMATION OF READINESS OF A POLICE OFFICER TO SUPPRESS ILLEGAL ACTIONS BY MEANS OF PSYCHOLOGICAL SELF-REGULATION METHODS

D. N. Rybin, V. A. Khromov, V. G. Tyukin,

Abstract. The article emphasizes the importance of forming the readiness of a police officer to suppress illegal actions in the process of vocational training by means of methods of psychological self-regulation. The work presents research data showing the importance of teaching methods of psychological self-regulation in educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia. The authors underline the importance of interdepartmental interaction in the organization of practical classes in order to improve the theoretical, practical and psychological training of a police officer. The article substantiates the use of the method of professional pedagogical modeling of typical situations of operational and official activity in the framework of training to form the readiness of a police officer to suppress illegal actions.

Keywords: readiness to suppress illegal actions, the use of physical force, psychological self-regulation, methods of psychological self-regulation, vocational training of police officers, modeling of typical situations, the algorithm for the use of coercive measures.

LEGAL AND PHYSICAL COMPONENTS OF PROFESSIONAL TRAINING OF CADETS OF EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA

A. L. Slavko, I. A. Koryshev,

Abstract. The scientific article discusses the legal basis for the use of physical force by police officers. The problematic aspects related to the use of physical force by police officers are investigated. The key points in the formation of professional competencies among cadets of educational organizations of the system of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, based on the legal and physical components, are indicated.

Keywords: legal acts, physical strength, legislation, duty, activity, physical training, police officer, mental stability, abilities, skills, fighting techniques, professional training, tactical training.

PHYSICAL LITERACY OF STUDENTS AS A BRIDGE BETWEEN KNOWLEDGE AND INVOLVEMENT IN PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

T. I. Tolstova, A. L. Shumova, G. V. Ponomareva, L. V. Klishunova,

Abstract. Society's demands for a physically active population encourage researchers to search for educational models that influence physical activity and lifestyle choices to achieve social results and gain pleasure, which are the main factors contributing to involvement in physical activity throughout life. The most popular model at the present stage of development is the model of physical literacy. Only a physically literate person assumes responsibility for maintaining purposeful physical exercises throughout life.

Keywords: physical activity, physical literacy, student behavior, health literacy.

CIRCUIT TRAINING AS A MEANS OF ENHANCING A HEALTHY LIFESTYLE IN SPORTS PRACTICE OF BOXERS

M. A. Ushakov,

Abstract. This article discusses the question of such a means of improving the healthy lifestyle of boxing athletes, as a circuit training. The thesis is substantiated that circular training contributes to the improvement and self-development of the body and the central nervous system of the athlete, as well as the coordination of the activity and activity of all systems of the boxer's body.

Keywords: healthy lifestyle, workout, strength training, boxing, sports.

USING DISTANT TECHNOLOGIES IN THE PROCESS OF STUDIES RUSSIAN AS FOREIGN LANGUAGE IN MOSCOW UNIVERSITY OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA NAMED AFTER V.YA. KIKOT'

K. L. Khodjabegova,

Abstract. The article reveals the features of teaching Russian as a foreign language by the Russian language department of the Moscow State University of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia named after V.Ya. Kikot', creation of new textbooks on Russian as a foreign language, combination of traditional teaching methods with new technological capabilities, especially the creation of special dictionaries for students of the Faculty of Training Foreign Specialists.

Keywords: using distant technologies, process of studies Russian as foreign language, glossary.

THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF EDUCATING A PERSON OF A SAFE TYPE OF BEHAVIOR IN A DIGITAL ENVIRONMENT

V. A. Khromov, S. A. Knyazev, D. A. Weber,

Abstract. This scientific article reveals the theoretical and practical aspect of educating a person of a safe type of behavior in a digital environment. The means of educating a person of a safe type of behavior are considered. Distance learning is revealed, which is progressive in relation to traditional forms of learning and is designed to awaken in a person of a safe type of behavior creative potential with active independent work. Thus, the authors emphasize that in order to become a true professional in his field, the deputy dean for educational work needs to have knowledge about modeling the educational process and be able to organize the process of educating a person of a safe type of behavior in a digital environment at a level that meets the requirements of modern society.

Keywords: learning process, education process, safe type of behavior, digital environment, distance learning.

COMPREHENSIVE TRAINING IN THE BASICS OF TECHNIQUE, TACTICS AND STRATEGY OF MARTIAL ARTS AS A MEANS OF PROFESSIONAL TRAINING OF POLICE OFFICERS

Yu.V. Chehranov,

Abstract. The article deals with the issues of comprehensive training of police officers, including cadets (trainees) of educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, the basics of techniques, tactics and strategies of martial arts in the process of their professional training.

Keywords: technique, tactics, strategy, Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, professional training, police officers, fighting techniques of struggle.

PRINCIPLES OF RATIONAL ANTIBACTERIAL THERAPY IN CHILDREN WITH OVERWEIGHT

I. A. Plotnikova, V. L. Zelentsova, E. S. Priezzheva,

Abstract. The article presents the results of a study carried out in groups of children with normal and overweight who received standard antibiotic therapy in a

hospital for respiratory pathology. Actual course doses of antibiotics used are estimated from the point of view of expert opinion on dose adjustments of antimicrobial drugs for obese children.

Keywords: rational antibiotic therapy, antibiotic therapy in children, overweight children, childhood obesity.