

**АННОТАЦИЯ И КЛЮЧЕВЫЕ СЛОВА ЖУРНАЛ «СУДЕБНАЯ
ЭКСПЕРТИЗА И ИССЛЕДОВАНИЯ» №2, 2022 (англ.яз.)**

**Using the volatility of the main indicators of conflict in the interests
of creating professional teams**

Yu. A. Davydova, N.I. Pryanikova

Abstract. In this article, the indicators of conflict are considered not as a result of well-established forecasts of negative interaction, but as a tool of constructive beginning in the interests of creating professional teams. The main indicators of conflict of interpersonal interaction are analyzed in detail. A block diagram of the characteristics of this process is presented. It is shown that localization of any conflict is a creative task characterized by a high proportion of reflexive ambiguity and multiplicity. It is concluded that the existing behavioral schemes are able to neutralize the negative consequences of the conflict in terms of achieving the set goals and objectives by professionals.

Keywords: volatility, conflict situation, conflict, indicators of conflict, creative employee, organization, management, efficiency, professional teams.

**The role of the head of the department of internal affairs
in the prevention and overcoming of conflicts in the team**

I. G. Yelesina, N. A. Kislova

Abstract. In resolving conflicts in the divisions of the internal affairs bodies, the main role belongs to the head, who, regardless of the nature of the conflict and attitude to it, whether he is a participant in the conflict or a mediator, needs to carefully study and analyze the psychological situation in the team, the causes of disagreements. The normal atmosphere in the team and its efficiency depend on the objectivity and impartial analysis by the head of all the details of the conflict.

Keywords: manager, conflict, prevention, division, conflict resolution.

**Analysis of the discrediting of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian
Federation in the media space using the improved five-question
communication model of Harold Lasswell**

R. Yu. Ivanova

Abstract. The article presents an analysis of the discrediting of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation in the media space as a communicative process, in connection with which the communication model of Harold Lasswell is applied.

We consider it possible to use the presented analysis in the activities of the information and public relations departments of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, in the process of countering this negative social phenomenon at the response stage. The proposed scheme will allow building tactics of interaction with the initiator of discrediting, revealing his hidden motives; respond in a timely and effective manner, using the most effective channel to achieve the maximum effect on the audience; determine the target group to which response technologies should be directed; predict the communication impact on the audience, the extent of widespread negative information and reputational losses.

Keywords: discredit; the image of the police; media space; mass media.

Foreign experience of psychological prevention of staff turnover

E. V. Kostina

Abstract. The article considers three main foreign approaches to solving the problem of staff turnover in organizations. The factors and causes of staff turnover identified in the American socio-psychological school, the German classical school and the Japanese school of organizational psychology are reflected. Concepts, models and technologies of psychological prevention of staff turnover are presented, based on socio-economic and socio-historical state features. It was revealed that the main factors of staff turnover of foreign psychological schools include: the system of labor relations, economic changes, demographic trends, the accepted system of values. It is established that researchers adhere to a single structure of factorization of the causes of staff turnover, including organizational (management style, value system of the organization, indicators of social and economic security) and individual psychological (professional motivation, socio-psychological and professional adaptation, dedication to the company, professional integration, involvement in professional activities) reasons. The analysis of the periodization of socio-historical and social development made it possible to identify typical features of foreign approaches to psychological prevention of staff turnover, as well as to identify significant differences between them, which contributes to the introduction of these methods and technologies into the practice of domestic organizations.

Keywords: staff turnover, foreign experience, psychological prevention, american socio-psychological school, german classical school, japanese school, theory of human relations, organizational psychology.

Features of internet communication in older adolescence

E. A. Nikitskaya, O. A. Lushina

Abstract. The transition of the education system of the Russian Federation to a new format of training and education of the younger generation has caused the relevance of the presented in the article theme of Internet communication of teenage minors. The aim of the article is theoretical and empirical study of the features of Internet communication in older adolescence.

Keywords: adolescence, Internet communication, cybersocialization, social networks, Internet.

Gender characteristics of the manifestation of a reduced level of subjective vitality among the heads of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation

T. V. Maltseva

Abstract. Within the framework of this article, a comparative analysis of the manifestation of the personal characteristics of the heads of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation when they experience a reduced level of subjective vitality, depending on gender, is carried out in order to more accurately select methods of psychological correction and psychological therapy to optimize the level of subjective vitality. The research methods were: the Russian-language version of the method for determining subjective vitality, developed within the framework of the theory of self-determination by R. Ryan and K. Frederick, modified by L. A. Alexandrova; Freiburg Multivariate Personality Inventory (FPI). In general, 400 heads of internal affairs bodies from various regions of Russia, who are undergoing training at the Academy of Management of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, took part in the study. In the course of empirical research, it was shown that the individual and personal indicators of the subject of labor in the management of internal affairs bodies are not dependent on gender; established the psychological characteristics of the personality of managers arising from the subjective experience of a reduced level of vitality depending on gender and common for men and women.

Keywords: subjective vitality, gender characteristics, heads of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation.

Psychological content of tolerance as a professional quality of employees of internal affairs bodies

S. Yu. Mikhailova, E. A. Slesareva, N. V. Zadokhina

Abstract. The article presents the results of the analysis of the severity of the communicative attitude, communicative tolerance and tolerance of the personality

of police officers, depending on gender characteristics, age, service experience in the internal affairs bodies.

Keywords: tolerance of police officers; intolerance of society; diagnostic study of the level of tolerance; communicative tolerance.

The program of development of social perception as a means of increasing the efficiency of professional activity of employees of personnel departments of internal affairs bodies

A. V. Siletskaya, D. V. Dzonik

Abstract. The article is devoted to the problem of social perception in the professional activity of employees of personnel departments of the Department of Internal Affairs. The problem is analyzed and the results of an empirical study and the author's program for the development of social perception are presented. Further prospects of studying the problem are determined.

Keywords: social perception, employees of personnel departments of the Department of Internal Affairs, professional activity, moral and psychological training.

Emotional intelligence and the characteristics of hardiness of the personality of a police officer

A. V. Solov'eva

Abstract. The article presents the results of a study of the peculiarities of the manifestation of emotional intelligence of police officers. It is shown that currently objectively existing reality forms a distinct request for theoretical and practical study of issues of awareness and constructive living of emotions. Among the most actively developed areas in line with this issue is the study of the phenomenon of emotional intelligence of the individual, since the latter seems to be a decisive factor determining the life success of the individual as a whole, and an important indicator of the professionalism of police officers, in particular. The study revealed differences in the manifestations of emotional intelligence among police officers who are at different stages of professional development, and are characterized, as a result, by significant differences in the sphere of accumulated life experience.

Keywords: emotional intelligence, hardiness, personality, life experience, constructive living of emotions.

Subject, structure and main branches of social psychology

A. N. Sukhov

Abstract. This article reveals the main stages in the development of social psychology. It also considers various theoretical approaches to understanding its subject, as well as the structure and main industries.

Keywords: subject, socio-psychological phenomena, structure, main branches, history of formation.

Analysis of negative psychological factors affecting the adaptation of minors sentenced to imprisonment

N. A. Tyufyakov

Abstract. Penitentiary psychology solves a number of important tasks in its cognitive activity, one of which is the successful adaptation of those serving sentences in isolation, and the preparation of convicts for a normal life after release. The problem of adaptation of juvenile convicts to imprisonment due to age-related psychological features of development is particularly relevant. Without taking into account psychological knowledge, it is almost impossible to solve this problem.

Keywords: juvenile convicts, educational colony, psychological factors, adaptation, correction.

Model for the development of professional masterliness of district police officers of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia and the Ministry of Public Security of Socialist Republic of Vietnam

Pham Viet Khoa

Abstract. The article presents a model for the development of professional masterliness of district police officers of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia and the Ministry of Public Security of Socialist Republic of Vietnam. The author describes the structural components and the predicted result in the implementation of this model. The role of the heads of departments of the territorial region of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia and the Ministry of Public Security of Socialist Republic of Vietnam, heads/heads of departments and mentors, staff, psychologists of internal affairs or civil psychologists in the development of professional masterliness of employees of both countries is revealed.

Keywords: professional masterliness, district police officer, psychologist of internal affairs, civil psychologist, professionally important qualities.

Self-assessment as a coping resource in difficult professional situations of police officers

G. S. Chovdyrova, E. V. Ivanova

Abstract. The study of the theoretical foundations of self-esteem of the individual based on the analysis of the works of U. James, Z. Freud, R. Burns, R. Rogers, etc., scientists revealed the mechanism of its functioning and resource capacity and allowed the authors to assume that the level of expression of self-esteem (I am real-I am ideal) as an intrapersonal resource, it somehow affects adaptation to stress, which has not been found experimental evidence. The object of the study: the levels of adequacy of the self-assessment of the personality of police officers as a Self when coping with stress. The purpose of the study is to identify the mechanism of influence of self-esteem as a coping resource on the adaptability of coping strategies. Material and methods of research: 87 male police officers from 22 to 45 years old (field officers, investigators, interrogators) were examined using the methods of Budassi and Heim. The main conclusion is that adequate self-esteem as an evaluative part of the Self-concept can serve as a resource of the individual in difficult professional situations, only when the level of expression of the self-esteem of the individual is adequately adaptive (from + 0.52 to -0.1) according to Budassi and Heim.

Keywords: self-esteem and claims, I-concept, I-image, coping resources, coping strategies defense mechanisms, coping behavior, police, stress, extreme conditions.

Psychological and pedagogical conditions for the development of motivation to improve the performance of sports activities in young judoists

N. O. Barabanov, N. N. Vorobiev

Abstract. The article deals with the problem of formation of motivation for sports among young judoists at the stage of initial training, identifies psychological and pedagogical conditions for the development of motivation for sports activities. The analysis of the motivation structure made it possible to identify the leading motives of young athletes as the main driving force in sports and to determine the necessary psychological and pedagogical conditions that have the maximum effect of influence. One of these conditions is to ensure the emotional saturation of the training process, which contributes to the reduction of external motivation inherent in young athletes and the formation of internal motivation as a fundamental factor in improving performance in sports.

Keyword: motivation, motivation for sports activities, psychological and pedagogical conditions, formation of motivation.

Innovative ways to improve the quality of training explosive technicians

A. F. Bosomykin

Abstract. This article discusses the issues of vocational training of specialists – explosion engineers in educational organization of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia. Vocational training of specialists – bomb engineers has its own specifics, according to which, upon completion of training, employees receive a new profession of the worker «Bomber», which is associated with the use of explosives and explosive devices. A distinctive feature was the introduction of advanced and concentrated training methods in the educational process.

Keywords: explosive devices, professional education, specialist-explosion engineer, advanced and concentrated learning, algorithmic map, modeling of operational activities.

Features of teaching in the context of digitalization of the educational process: new opportunities and development trends

Sergey V. Bubnov

Abstract. The article deals with the issues of digitalization of the educational process, as well as the features of teaching in such conditions. The main positive trends in teaching with the use of modern information technologies are listed.

Keywords: education, digitalization, teaching, electronic educational environment.

National peculiarities of russian communication (based on the proverbs of the russian people)

A. E. Varnayeva

Abstract. The article is devoted to the analysis of the ethnic features of the Russian communicative style, which are revealed on the basis of the study of the proverbs existing in the Russian language. The chosen research methodology is determined by one of the most important functions of the language to be an expression of the worldview of its people and ensures the objectivity of the results obtained. The nationally specific features of our communication are the special significance of this communication for the Russian person, sincerity, warmth, emotionality, requirements to speak thoughtfully, intelligently, briefly, to be silent more, to treat your interlocutor respectfully and kindly, to be friendly with him. All these characteristics are based on the basic values of the Russian people - love and humility.

Keywords: ethnic identity, ethnology, ethnolinguistics, speech behavior, proverb, collectivist culture, basic values.

Integrative interaction of teaching and education in the forming of social, professional and foreign language competencies of future police officers

A. K. Buravleva, I. A. Gorsheneva

Abstract. Integration is one of the most promising methodological directions of the contemporary education. The article deals with the problems of content and language integrated learning in the teaching and educational process, reveals the essence of the integrative approach, its concepts, tasks, implementation forms and means in the forming of social, professional and foreign language competences of future police officers. Special attention is paid to the integrative synergy of teaching and educational components.

Keywords: integration, integrative approach, concepts, competences, Content and Language Integrated Learning (CLIL).

Mentoring and budding as methods of training and professional and personal development of employees of a special police regiment

R. B. Zaitsev

Abstract. The article considers the problem of professional and personal development of employees of police units for the protection of public order, in particular, the special police regiment of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia in the Moscow region. The methods of training the personnel of the unit, which are most relevant in modern service, socio-political, socio-cultural realities, are presented and characterized. Mentoring is characterized as a traditional method of training and education of the personnel of the Department of Internal Affairs and budding as an innovative method. And also their comparative characteristics are carried out, the advantages and risks of using these methods of training and professional and personal development of law enforcement officers are indicated.

Keywords: personnel training, methods of on-the-job training, professional and personal development, mentoring, budding.

Psychological and pedagogical support of juvenile delinquents

T. A. Kazakova

Abstract. Now the issues of bringing minors to criminal responsibility, their correction, reintegration are becoming more and more urgent. Each State reacts in its own way to the offenses of delinquent adolescents. The article presents the results of an analytical study of the peculiarities of psychological and pedagogical support of adolescents who are law-abusers in France. Special attention is paid to the system of psychological and pedagogical support measures used in the fight

against juvenile delinquency. The results of the study may be useful to specialists dealing with this problem.

Keywords: punishment, delinquent adolescents, juvenile court, psychological and pedagogical support, forensic psychologist, educational service, educator, juvenile delinquents.

The role of the form-master in the occupational guidance of students of general education institutions

L. A. Kazantseva, V.I. Krasilnikov, S. Ya. Kazantsev

Abstract. The authors have studied and generalized the prevailing importance of the role of the form-master in the professional orientation of students. The scientific work was carried out according to open publications and according to the author's research.

Keywords: career-guidance, the occupational guidance, classification of profession, orientation in the profession, purpose of labor.

Features and problems of implementation of regulations for fire training with a Kalashnikov automatic as part of vocational training police staff

D. A. Kozhin, A. G. Sobolev

Abstract. The article discusses the features and problems of fulfilling the standards for fire training with a Kalashnikov assault rifle as part of the professional training of police officers, from the point of view of safety and expediency, minimizing movements and actions. The authors propose the most correct (optimally safe) algorithms for fulfilling the standards with a Kalashnikov assault rifle, according to the authors

Keywords: standards, firepower training, Kalashnikov assault rifle, professional training, police officer.

The role and importance of inclusive education in ensuring the psychological and pedagogical safety of disabled children and children with disabilities in educational organizations

A. V. Konstantinov

Abstract. The article deals with the role and importance of inclusion with its problematic aspects in ensuring the psychological and pedagogical safety of disabled children and children with disabilities, as well as issues of conceptual theoretical definition of the psychological and pedagogical safety of disabled children and children with disabilities.

Keywords: inclusive education, psychological and pedagogical safety, disabled children, children with disabilities.

Influence of physical culture and sport on the level of physical development of students-cadets

V. N. Kosyakin, D. V. Yurkin, O. V. Bayankin

Abstract. The material presented in the article is a theoretical practical aspect of the influence of physical culture and sports on the level of physical development of cadets. The article reveals the means of physical culture and sports as a factor of positive influence on the physical development and formation of the personalities of cadets of the Barnaul Law Institute and the Altai State Pedagogical University. The typological combinations of levels of physical readiness of students-cadets of Barnaul Law Institute and Altai State Pedagogical University are determined. A pedagogical experiment was conducted, in which cadets of the Barnaul Law Institute and the Altai State Pedagogical University participated. In the course of the research, the following tests were used: strength readiness, development of speed-strength qualities, speed, development of flexibility, endurance.

Keywords: physical culture, sport, the process of physical development of a person, level of development, means of physical culture, healthy lifestyle, health-improving and sports work.

Theoretical aspects of pedagogical support of convicts in correctional institutions

O.Yu. Nazarov

Abstract. The article discusses theoretical approaches to the study of pedagogical influence applied to convicts. The definition of the concept of «educational work» is given. The main pedagogical means of education that develop convicts' abilities that will affect their successful adaptation and further re-socialization after serving their sentence have been identified. The main directions of educational influence in penitentiary institutions that have a positive impact on the thoughts, behavior, attitudes and habits of convicts, as well as on the development of socially useful qualities and skills are highlighted.

Keywords: convict, educational work, labor education, vocational education, pedagogical impact.

Features of high-speed shooting training for law enforcement officers at the initial stage of fire training

L. N. Nenashev

Abstract. High-speed shooting is the main type of shooting when using weapons by law enforcement officers. The author in his article examines some features that should be paid attention to when teaching the production of a shot in a limited time.

Keywords: High-speed shooting, preparation for shooting, aiming, trigger release.

Research activities of students in the conditions of the crisis of the European university (XVIII–XIX centuries)

N. N. Pogrebnyak

Abstract. In this article, the author examines the reform of the research activities of students in European universities (on the example of Great Britain, Germany, France). The system of research activities of students in European countries has centuries-old experience, its own traditions and is characterized by a number of national features. During the period of reforming research activities, a centralized, comprehensive and uniform system of higher education was created with an emphasis on research activities. During this period, there was strict centralization and complete control of the state, the ideas of enlightenment in universities were widely promoted by materialist philosophers.

Keywords: university, educational process, research activities, European educational space.

Modern problems of prevention of family and domestic conflicts by the pd inspector

E. V. Renkas, E. V. Kurbatova

Abstract. The article analyzes the regulatory and legal protection of family shuttles from domestic violence. The problems and ways of solving family and household conflicts are outlined, and the statistics of crimes in the family and household sphere for the first eight months of 2021 are given. The algorithm of actions of the Traffic Police Inspector and district police officers when working with disadvantaged families in a socially dangerous situation and minors is also considered.

Keywords: minors, family and domestic conflicts, traffic police inspector, prevention, district police commissioner, legislation of the Russian Federation, family.

The use of non-traditional methods by qualified athletes in the training process in preparation for the shooting type of the service duathlon program

V. O. Sveshnikova, A. A. Prokopets

Abstract. The article discusses the importance of using preparatory, simulation exercises, non-traditional methods in the training process of service biathlon to improve results at competitions, educating the shooter of responsibility for the work done, concentration and analysis of shooting by qualified athletes.

Keywords: service biathlon, non-traditional methods, preparatory exercises, qualified athletes, shooting exercises, training process, high-speed shooting.

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Factors influencing the successful performance of combat techniques of wrestling in the system of physical training of cadets and students of educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia

V. A. Sinyansky, G.S. Myakenky, M. A. Ushakov

Abstract. The subject of the study is the physical training of cadets and trainees of educational organizations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, methods of disbalancing and the importance of relaxing strokes in the study and improvement of combat techniques, as well as ways to correct mistakes.

Keywords: physical training, fighting techniques of wrestling, training of cadets, higher education, professional training.

Pedagogical support of teenagers registered with the police

I. S. Sklyarenko, I.V. Chechikova

Abstract. The purpose of the article is to substantiate the expediency of pedagogical support of teenagers registered with the police, carried out by an inspector for minors, presentation of the results of approbation. Pedagogical support of teenagers registered with the police is understood as the process of providing timely socio-pedagogical assistance by an inspector in the form of a corrective, preventive influence that contributes to the formation of a teenager's

values for work, study, self-realization, family, friendship and reducing the level of deviant behavior. Corrective and preventive influence is carried out on the basis of the diagnosis of the personality of a teenager, the use of pedagogical tools, the organization of interaction of the organs of the prevention system. The design of the study assumed the identification of the influence of pedagogical support on the formation of value attitudes in adolescents, and as a result, a decrease in the level of deviant behavior. The sample of the study: adolescents registered with the police of the Smolensk and Kostroma regions in the number of 41 people (11–13 years old), 32 of them boys and 9 girls. To conduct the study, the observation method, the biographical method, the methods of «Value orientations» by M. Rokich and «Evaluation of social attitudes and value orientations» by W. P. Thurston (adapted by S. A. Belicheva) were used. The results of the study indicate the influence of pedagogical support on the formation of value attitudes in adolescents. The rank values of the latter have changed in the direction of increasing significance. For example, according to the scale «work brings joy», the average rank value in the experimental group (2.89) is lower than the same indicator in the control group (4.154) ($U = 1834.5$, $p < 0.001$). The consequence of the formation of value attitudes among adolescents was a decrease in their level of deviant behavior and allowed 87 % of adolescents in the experimental group to be removed from the police register. Empirical data contribute to the understanding of the need for pedagogical support of adolescents registered with the police, which allows them to form value attitudes and, thereby, reduce the level of deviant behavior, which serves as a reason for de-registration with the police.

Keywords: registered teenager, inspector, pedagogical support, «express smartphone control» method, experiment.

Methodological basis of individualization of the training process as an effective means of increasing the effectiveness of hand-to-hand combat athletes

A. L. Slavko

Abstract. The scientific article raises the problem of individualization of the training process in order to increase the effectiveness of athletes in hand-to-hand combat. The theoretical analysis of scientific literature on this topic is given and the definition of the term individualization is given on the basis of modern pedagogical concepts. The identification of the priority directions of the individualization of the training process. Methodological recommendations have been developed for the optimization of the training process based on individualization in order to increase the effectiveness of athletes in hand-to-hand combat.

Keywords: pedagogy, individualization, training process, principle, methodology, individuality, moral and volitional qualities, physical qualities, features, sports

activity, physical exercises, physical activity, technical and tactical training, technologies, performance, athlete, coach, hand-to-hand combat.

To the question of the formation of a reflexive component in cadets of educational organizations of the ministry of internal affairs of Russia through the study of humanities

S. N. Tikhomirov, E. I. Tretyachenko

Abstract. The educational process in the departmental university of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia is characterized by high intensity, personal and disciplinary and legal responsibility for success in educational and service activities. In this regard, there is an urgent task of forming a reflexive component in cadets when studying humanities. The analysis of scientific literature is carried out, the proper scientific understanding of the reflexivity of cadets as future specialists of the Department of Internal Affairs is given. The algorithm of the reflexive lesson is schematically presented.

Keywords: cadets, reflexivity, humanities, higher education.

The effect of sports training on the composition of muscle fibers of mixed skeletal muscles of cadet students

A. V. Malinovsky, A. I. Tkachenko, E. D. Kuznetsova

Abstract. The material presented in the article is a theoretical and practical aspect of the influence of sports training on the composition of muscle fibers of mixed skeletal muscles of athletes of cadet students. The article reveals the adaptation of skeletal muscles to physical exertion of various capacities and duration as one of the most urgent problems of modern medical and biological sports science. The main issue of interest to these researchers within the boundaries of this problem is the question of the effect of sports training on the composition of musculoskeletal fibers (CMBS) of different types in mixed skeletal muscles. The work was performed on athletes of students-cadets of the Barnaul Law Institute and the Altai State Pedagogical University, engaged in rowing, speed skating (sprint) and kayaking (distance 500 m). The research data presented by the authors indicate that the percentage of type I CMV in mixed skeletal muscles does not change under the influence of training and this indicator can become an important criterion for the selection of promising athletes in certain sports.

Keywords: sports training, composition of muscle fibers (CMV) of mixed skeletal muscles, puncture biopsy method, speed-strength training.

On the problem of moral and ethical readiness of police staff of the Russian Federation for close fire battle

A. Yu. Fedotov, V. V. Kopylov, A. P. Skvortsova

Abstract. The article is devoted to the problems of improving the professional training of law enforcement officers of the Russian Federation. The text examines issues related to the moral readiness of police officers to conduct close combat. The authors concluded that moral readiness is an essential component of the combat readiness of police officers, and also noted the need to develop and integrate into various disciplines the educational process in the system of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Russian Federation in such a direction as the moral readiness of law enforcement officers.

Keywords: moral readiness for close combat, professionalism, moral stability, «fighting spirit».

Methodological reflection as a principle of philosophical thinking

T. N. Frolova, G. V. Shashurina

Abstract. The article raises the problem of the need for a philosophical understanding of any scientific research proceeding from this choice of the optimal methodology for its preparation and conduct. Special attention is paid to the specifics of scientific reflection.

Keywords: philosophical approach, scientific methodology, scientific reflection, cognitive process, scientific research, methodological reflection.

Features of the implementation of modern technology by student-athletes of various disciplines

V. A. Khromov, A. V. Kornaushenko, S. I. Suprunov

Abstract. In this scientific article, the theoretical and practical aspect of the peculiarities of the implementation of modern technology by student-athletes of various disciplines is considered. The article presents studies of the spatial and temporal characteristics of the classical duathlon exercise - lifting a barbell on the chest for a push and their interrelations with the athlete's height, his weight, the weight of the lifted barbell and the athlete's skill. The features of the modern technique of the jerk – one of the exercises of the classical duathlon are shown. A total of 68 parameters were studied. The author's position is that in the coming years, the weight of the lifted barbell will increase more and more, and the speed of its departure will decrease, further improvement in the technique should go: a) due to the active interaction of the hands with the barbell after the detonation while

lowering the body down; when the athlete is still resting his feet on the platform (we called this phase supporting); b) due to the vigorous pushing of the feet on the platform when placing the legs in the squat; c) due to the active interaction of the hands with the barbell in the unsupported phase of the squat. Higher speeds in blasting should be achieved by increasing the path and time of exposure to the final acceleration, for which the athlete must correctly perform the preliminary acceleration of the barbell and fully straighten up after blasting, rising on his toes.

Keywords: modern techniques, snatch technique, chest lifting technique, double-event.

The phenomenon of transformational and advanced public administration in the Republic of Belarus

F. I. Khramtsova, M. A. Erofeeva

Abstract. For the first time, scientific and conceptual aspects of transformational and advanced public administration have been developed (on the example of constitutional construction in the Republic of Belarus). A factor-event, comparative, empirical analysis of the problem is carried out. The features of transformational-advancing public administration are revealed, participatory determinations as an immanent factor of national security are revealed. The criteria assessment of the implementation of the policy of advance in the conditions of transformation in the Republic of Belarus is determined.

Keywords: public administration, national security, advance in management, organizational structure of public administration.