

АННОТАЦИИ И КЛЮЧЕВЫЕ СЛОВА
ЖУРНАЛ «ВЕСТНИК ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОЙ БЕЗОПАСНОСТИ» №2, 2021
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ABSTRACT AND KEYWORDS
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NATIONAL FORMS OF EXPRESSION OF MYTHOLOGIZED SACRED-LEGAL IMPERATIVES AS SOCIAL REGULATORS OF PUBLIC RELATIONS

Ruslan M. Akhmedov

Abstract. In the context of the globalization of public relations, universal social regulators are becoming more and more important, which, having been reborn taking into account the current socio-political needs in the content essence, have acquired normative parameters of a positive nature. In this regard, the question of the need to preserve the archaic mythologized archetypes of the primary national social regulators becomes of particular importance, thereby ensuring the future with a legal heritage that would reflect the original spirit, character, and mores of the historical past.

Keywords: myth, traditions, sacred-legal imperative, ideology, national state system.

MAIN DIRECTIONS OF DEVELOPMENT OF LEGAL REGULATION OF THE INSTITUTION OF PROPERTY IN THE SOCIAL STATE

Igor' A. Goncharov

Abstract. The idea of a social state arises at a certain stage in the social development of market economies, which are characterized by the widespread approval of industrial production, which replaced the feudal economic structure. The constitutional regulation of property has deep historical roots, which are manifested not only in terminology, but also in approaches reflected in property concepts, a general interpretation of property relations. The author in the article identifies the most ancient sources of constitutional regulation in origin, related to ancient ideas about the labor nature of the acquisition of property, sparing the ecology of interaction with the outside world and other similar ideas, which are enshrined in the customary law of indigenous peoples, partly in Muslim law, and have constitutional protection.

Keywords: social state, institution of property, theory of law, constitution, social policy, ownership.

CONVERGENCE OF THE NATURAL-LEGAL CONCEPT AND NORMATIVISM THROUGH THE PRISM OF THE METHOD OF HISTORICISM

Sergey N. Groshev, Marat V. Saudakhanov

Abstract. The article analyzes the trends of the natural-legal concept and its correlation with normativism through the prism of the method of historicism. The main emphasis is placed on the interpenetration of the natural law doctrine and the normative concept within the framework of the general utility and conditionality for the state, civil society and the individual.

Keywords: convergence of law, natural law, normativism, rule of law, trends in law, individualism.

REFORMS OF PETER I IN THE FIELD OF STATE AND LAW

Ol'ga M. Doroshenko, Alexander V. Zhulanov, Anna A. Bazulina

Abstract. Considered the reign of Peter I, his transformations in the field of state and law, as one of the most important historical periods for the Russian Empire. The aim of work is the study of the period of the reign of Peter I and the structuring of the transformations carried out by the emperor during the reign, highlighting the strengths and weaknesses of the ruler. The material for the analysis was the decrees of the emperor, as well as a large number of textbooks by historians who studied this period. A comparative analysis of the period of the reign of Peter I and his predecessors and the state of Russia before Peter the Great made it possible to trace the main changes in the Russian Empire during the reign of Peter the Great. The authors divide the transformations of Peter I into reforms in the field of government and reforms in the field of law. The authors conclude about the significance of the period of the reign of Peter I for the history of state and law, emphasizing a significant breakthrough in the field of education, estate representation, public administration, including new bodies and terms.

The material presented in the work is a continuation of a series of articles by the authors aimed at filling historical knowledge, enriched with new facts and research approaches.

Keywords: Peter I, reforms, emperor, Europeanization, Russia, decree.

MODERN PEDAGOGICAL TECHNOLOGIES USED IN THE TRAINING OF SOCIALY VULNERABLE CATEGORIES OF CITIZENS

Galina A. Prokopovich

Abstract. The advantages and disadvantages of distance learning are explored; the advantages of this form of education for people with disabilities are considered.

Keywords: education, distance learning, persons with disabilities, educational technologies.

HISTORICAL AND LEGAL APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM OF LEGITIMATION OF STATE POWER

Anatoliy S. Prudnikov, Yuriy A. Ivanchenko

Abstract. In the article, the phenomenon of legitimation of state power is considered in the historical and legal aspect. The hypothesis is put forward that the integral characteristic of statehood determines the significance of the legal forms of legitimation of state power, which depend on the specific historical type of the state. The considered legal forms of the state are analyzed through the interaction of the sphere of state life with the spheres of society.

Keywords: legitimation, state power, historical and legal approach, legal forms.

INNOVATION IN LAW: MODERN LEGAL TECHNOLOGIES IN THE CONTEXT OF DIGITAL REALITY. ARTICLE 5. TECHNOLOGIES FOR RECONCILIATION (LEGITIMIZATION OF AGREED) INTERESTS IN LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITY

Vladimir I. Chervonyuk

Abstract. Digitalization, technologization, robotization, development of artificial intelligence systems are interconnected, and in the latest conditions are interdependent quantities; the ever-increasing interactions between them significantly affect the legal life of modern society, the legal policy of the state, subordinate legal structures to their influence, form new legal practices, transform legal perception and legal behavior of communicating subjects, predetermine the need for innovative legal regulators.

In the twenty century legal technologies along with the function of rationalizing the behavior of social actors in the sphere of law are used to achieve large scale tasks of legal policy – introduction of new or redistribution of existing methods of legal regulation, design, testing and introduction of innovative legal regimes into the country's legal system, use of mechanisms for deregulation in the economy, transplantation of new types of procedural and control and Supervisory proceedings, systematization of large legislative arrays, and thus giving the law the necessary structure and systematic nature of action.

Innovative legal technologies are the production of a new product by means and techniques previously unknown to practice. In the context of the goals and objectives of digitalization, there is an urgent need for the wide use of «legal engineering» tools in various areas of public administration, in legislative and law enforcement activities, in the field of law enforcement and in the organization of legal behavior of direct legal users. The factor of the technosphere and the emerging digital reality not only changes the nature of law (and legal regulation), but also restructures the subject areas of legal science, affects their content and format of legal research. The sphere of scientific analysis involves new objects that had no analogues; the developed problems are completely subordinated to the needs of developing practice.

The proposed project compositionally covers nine articles united by a single concept, the object of analysis in which is the Innovative legal technologies.

In this is developed legal doctrine in relation to the cycles of law – legal influence, perception of law, legal actions and legal order – an analysis of technologies for applying data in legislation is proposed; the methodology and technologies for

applying experimental legal regimes («regulatory sandboxes») in certain areas (zones, sections) of legal regulation are investigated; legal innovations in the field of deregulation, the introduction of «regulatory guillotine» mechanisms, etc. are highlighted. The analysis of the limits of technologization (and digitalization) is presented); the necessity of understanding the risks associated with digital technologies is proved, and the justification of measures to counter aggressive manifestations of the «digital environment» is proposed.

Keywords: the agreed (common) interest as the substance («primary matter») of law, legislative technologies, «smart» technology zakonodatelstve», technologies for matching interests, the alignment of interests in the legislative process (the legislative process), «theories» of the weakening of the law, the methodology of the harmonization of interests, balance (balance) interests in the law, general social institutions of application of technologies of coordination of interests, institutionalized institutions of reconciliation of interests, institutions-simulacra of reconciliation of interests, socio-humanitarian paradigm of law as an epistemological basis for the coordination of interests, legal methods, forms, tools (techniques) for coordinating interests in legislative activity, post legislative correction of interests, requirements (principles) for forming a balance of interests, essential features (criteria) of the balance of interests, matrix of ways to coordinate interests, types (models) of matching interests.

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSIONERS IN RUSSIA AND THEIR ROLE IN PROTECTING THE RIGHTS OF VICTIMS

Sergey Yu. Andrejco, Evgeniy N. Khazov

Abstract. The article examines the activities of regional institutions of human rights commissioners in modern Russia and their role in protecting the rights of victims. An analysis of their activities is carried out on the materials of the coordinating Council of Commissioners for Human Rights. Separate problems and features of protection of the rights of victims are highlighted, the positions of law enforcement agencies are given, recommendations on solving problems and improving legislation are given.

Keywords: human rights, victims' rights, protection of human rights, Commissioner for Human Rights, Ombudsman.

LEGAL ANALYSIS OF THE DRAFT FEDERAL LAW NO. 963511-7 «ON AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE 16 OF THE FEDERAL LAW «ON EDUCATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION» ON THE ISSUE OF VOLUNTARY DISTANCE LEARNING»

Sergey A. Sharonov, Rinat N. Morodumov

Abstract. On May 27, 2020, a group of deputies submitted to the State Duma of the Federal Assembly of the Russian Federation a draft federal law No. 963511-7 «On Amendments to Article 16 of the Federal Law «On Education in the Russian Federation» on the issue of voluntary distance Learning» (hereinafter referred to as the Draft Law). The relevance and necessity of developing the Draft Law is determined by the expediency of improving the legal regulation of relations in the field of education, which are developing at the present stage of social development. The draft law establishes that indirect (at a distance) interaction between students and teaching staff, including access to information and telecommunications networks, equipping students with appropriate technical means and their software, is carried out at the expense of the corresponding budgets of the budget system of the Russian Federation. In the scientific article, the authors analyzed the draft law, as well as made proposals for its improvement and refinement. The draft law is relevant and timely, has been prepared with high quality and deserves high praise, but nevertheless requires additional discussion and clarification, including in the context of the proposals referred to in this article.

Keywords: draft law, education, distance learning, distance learning technologies, basic educational programs.

TRADEMARKS ON GOODS IN MARKETPLACES: PROTECTION OF RIGHTS' HOLDERS

Lyubov' V. Shcherbacheva

Abstract. The study suggests that marketplace is a commercial organization whose goal is to earn as much money as possible. And they earn them by selling hundreds of thousands of goods, not on advising entrepreneurs and protecting them. This article notes that the system with trademarks is necessary to ensure that buyers do not confuse goods with each other and do not buy counterfeits, and entrepreneurs could safely develop their own brands and do not lose money because of violators.

Keywords: trademark, marketplace, logo brand, protection of rights holders, Rospatent, counterfeit.

ALL IRREVOCABLE DOUBTS OF TAX LEGISLATION ARE INTERPRETED IN FAVOR OF THE TAXPAYER. IS IT SO?

Nodari D. Eriashvili, Alexander I. Grigor'ev

Abstract. Over the past twenty years, the tax legislation of the Russian Federation has undergone significant changes. However, in certain cases, the adopted regulatory legal acts in the field of taxes, fees, and insurance premiums contain vague wording of certain norms, or explanations of financial and tax authorities, and rather loosely interpret tax legislation. In their work, the authors, in the scope of the article, made an attempt to understand the legal problems of specific taxes, taking into account the existing judicial practice.

Keywords: taxes, fees, insurance premiums, personal income tax, VAT, income tax, corporate property tax, special tax regimes, related parties.

THE LEGAL STATUS OF THE EMPLOYER IN MATTERS OF ENSURING LABOR DISCIPLINE

Nikolai V. Rumyantsev, Svetlana N. Andreeva

Abstract. This article deals with the issues related to the dynamics of the rights and powers of the employer in matters of ensuring labor discipline. Attention is focused on the normative consolidation of the employer's position in the wage labor system, which pursues at least two goals: the organization of production on the basis of the opportunities provided and the achievement of a balance of interests with the employee.

Keywords: employer, employee, labor legislation, rights and obligations of the employer and employee, optimal working conditions.

GAMBLING INDUSTRY: PROBLEMS OF LEGAL REGULATION OF ACTIVITIES

Tatiana N. Borodkina, Evgeniya Yu. Samolaeva

Abstract. The authors of the article analyze the illegal activities of gambling organizers operating without obtaining the appropriate licenses or outside special gaming zones (territories), as well as related to the participation in games of players of foreign sweepstakes (online casinos) and their failure to pay taxes. The author proposes organizational and regulatory decisions aimed at strengthening responsibility, including through amendments to Article 171.2. of the Criminal Code of the Russian Federation («Illegal organization and conduct of gambling»).

Keywords: gambling, online gambling, gambling business, bookmakers, sweepstakes, online casinos, slot machines.

CRIMINAL LIABILITY FOR THE PROSECUTION OF CITIZENS FOR CRITICISM

Mevlud D. Davitadze

Abstract. The article deals with the actual problem of responsibility for the prosecution of citizens for criticism and its significance in modern conditions. The analysis of the Soviet legislation on responsibility for such acts, ensuring the participation of citizens in the management of state and public Affairs, which served as a guarantee of compliance with the requirements of the legislation, is carried out.

Keywords: the Constitution, citizens, state bodies, officials, responsibility, appeal, criticism.

PENITENTIARY PEDAGOGY – THE VIEW OF LAWYERS...

Gennadiy Yu. Lesnikov, Aleksey N. Antipov

Abstract. This article discusses the main directions of influence aimed at educating law-abiding behavior of persons held in institutions of the penal system, the factors that led to the need to change the established approaches to this activity, causing the need for their actualization.

Keywords: penitentiary pedagogy, problems, impact, result, areas of improvement.

BIG DATA, SOCIAL PARASITISM AND CRIME PREVENTION IN THE FIELD OF GEOLOGICAL EXPLORATION

Victor N. Fadeev

Abstract. Russian politicians, scientists and the public should get away with doubts about the state of uncertainty of the future. Too tasty morsel is the territory of our country for economically developed, first of all, Western «partners», including in connection with the growing problems of global ecology and the beginning confrontation for land, especially for natural resources concentrated on it. In this regard, the proposal of intellectual scientific developments based on digitalization technology and the use of Big Data for the rational use of natural resources makes it possible to formulate constructive solutions to social and environmental problems, including the development of measures to prevent offenses in the field of geological exploration of subsoil.

Keywords: digitalization, big data, geological study of subsoil, forecasting, exploration, production, minerals, crime prevention.

ABOUT THE LIBERAL IDEOLOGY, SPIRITUAL BONDS OF THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE AND THE NATIONAL OUTLOOK OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTION

Alexander V. Agutin

Abstract. The article is devoted to understanding the liberal ideology, spiritual values of the Russian people and the national Outlook on criminal prosecution. The mechanism of influence of liberal ideology, spiritual bonds of the Russian people and national Outlook on criminal prosecution is analyzed. The role of the functional approach in the process of deploying liberal ideology in the process of forming the doctrine of criminal prosecution is determined. The article substantiates the positive impact of spiritual values, cultural and historical heritage and the system of traditional values of the Russian people on neutralizing the ideological flaws of criminal prosecution in Russian criminal proceedings.

Keywords: liberal ideology, spiritual bonds of the Russian people, national outlook, criminal prosecution, ideological filter, cultural and historical heritage, system of traditional values, people, Russian community, personality.

PROSPECTS FOR PROSECUTORIAL SUPERVISION AND JUDICIAL CONTROL OVER THE LEGALITY OF THE PRODUCTION OF INVESTIGATIVE ACTIONS THAT RESTRICT THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS OF CITIZENS

Elena Yu. Alontseva

Abstract. The article examines the issues of prosecutor's supervision and judicial control over the production of investigative actions that restrict the constitutional rights and freedoms of citizens, defines their main goals and essence, the need for the further existence of this activity of the prosecutor and the court

Keywords: criminal proceedings, constitutional rights and freedoms of citizens, investigative actions, prosecutor, investigator, inquirer, court, judicial control, prosecutor's supervision.

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DECISION BY THE OFFICER CONDUCTING THE PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION TO ELECT A MEASURE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE AGAINST A MINOR SUSPECT OR ACCUSED

Vitaly K. Bobrov, Aleksandra A. Emel'yanova

Abstract. The legality and validity of the procedural decision of the interrogator, the investigator to choose a measure of coercion against underage suspects and accused persons are components of ensuring their rights and legitimate interests. The proportionality between the decision taken and the circumstances of each individual criminal case in respect of that category of persons is important.

Keywords: minor suspect, accused; procedural decision; safeguarding rights and legitimate interests; detention; the official conducting the preliminary investigation.

СОВРЕМЕННЫЕ ВЗГЛЯДЫ НА ПРАВОВУЮ РЕГЛАМЕНТАЦИЮ ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЯ ЭЛЕКТРОННЫХ НОСИТЕЛЕЙ ИНФОРМАЦИИ В ДОКАЗЫВАНИИ

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Аннотация. Автором на основе краткого обзорного анализа уголовно-процессуального законодательства РФ и отдельных европейских государств рассматриваются современные подходы к возможности нормативного закрепления электронных источников информации в виде самостоятельного вида доказательств.

Ключевые слова: уголовно-процессуальное законодательство, доказательства, нормативно-правовая основа, электронные носители информации.

MODERN VIEWS ON THE LEGAL REGULATION OF THE USE OF ELECTRONIC MEDIA IN EVIDENCE

Ol'ga V. Volynskaya

Abstract. On the basis of a brief overview analysis of the criminal procedure legislation of the Russian Federation and individual European states, the author considers modern approaches to the possibility of normative consolidation of electronic sources of information in the form of an independent type of evidence.

Keywords: criminal procedure legislation, proof, legal and regulatory framework, electronic media.

ON THE ROLE OF CONTINUITY IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF RUSSIAN CRIMINAL PROCEDURE LEGISLATION

Boris Ya. Gavrilov

Abstract. The article examines the current state of the Russian criminal procedure legislation, including such procedural institutions as the initiation of a criminal case, the duration of the investigation, the presentation of charges and a number of others, and their assessment is given from the standpoint of law enforcement practice. Taking into account the opinions of scientists and practitioners, as well as domestic and foreign experience, the author's vision of reforming the procedural rules for conducting preliminary investigations in criminal cases is formulated.

Keywords: criminal procedure institutions, criminal case, procedural terms, indictment, investigator, interrogator, prosecutor.

REGULATORY FORMULATIONS OF THE APPOINTMENT OF CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AND ITS REAL CONTENT

Victor N. Grigor'ev

Abstract. In the current situation, some formulations of the purpose of criminal proceedings have come into conflict with the real socio-legal reality, which at the legislative level in some situations excludes the protection of an individual from an unfounded accusation. To resolve this contradiction, a choice should be made: either to change the normative formulation of the purpose of criminal proceedings, or to exclude from the law the norms that contradict it. In choosing the subject of reform, preference is given to traditional Russian values. Modern trends in Russian criminal justice do not fully reflect the needs of civil society in the Russian Federation. It is rather the result of a system of departmental and bureaucratic measures to distribute influence and burden. From a humanitarian standpoint, it would be more correct to return the criminal justice system to a state where it will again reflect the lost purpose, in particular, the protection of an individual from unlawful accusations. It should start with the removal from law enforcement officials of the obligation to be unilateral in the examination of evidence and to represent only one side – the accusations (Chapter 6 of the Criminal Procedure Code of the Russian Federation), as well as remove the regulatory prohibition for the preliminary investigation and inquiry bodies to collect evidence defending the accused (Part 2 Article 15 of the Criminal Procedure Code of the Russian Federation).

Keywords: court, participants in criminal proceedings, prosecution, appointment of criminal proceedings, one-sidedness in investigation and trial, optimization of criminal proceedings, fragmentation of the circumstances of the crime.

GAPS IN THE LEGAL REGULATION OF THE APPLICATION OF SECURITY MEASURES WITH RESPECT TO PARTICIPANTS IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

Natal'ya V. Grigor'eva, Natal'ya V. Ugol'nikova, Viktor A. Samoroka

Abstract. The article is devoted to an overview of the main gaps in the legal regulation of the application of security measures in relation to participants in criminal proceedings by the departments of state protection of the internal affairs bodies. The authors note the lack of a clear procedural procedure for making decisions on the implementation of state protection (application, cancellation) in the RF Criminal Procedure Code, as well as in other regulatory legal acts. It has been established that the greatest difficulties in practice are associated with the grounds for canceling security measures if they cannot be applied due to violation of the terms of the contract by the protected person. It is proposed in the system of internal affairs bodies to develop and issue a normative legal act that does not contain information of limited access, which determines the procedure for concluding, terminating, terminating an agreement.

Keywords: security measures, participants in criminal proceedings, state protection units, contract.

ON THE ISSUE OF THE PROCEDURAL STATUS OF A LAWYER AT THE STAGE OF INITIATING A CRIMINAL CASE

Sergey V. Gurdin

Abstract. From the point of view of modern criminal procedure legislation and an integrated approach, the article analyzes the procedural position of a lawyer at the stage of initiating a criminal case.

The conclusions presented in the article are based on a comprehensive study of the opinions that exist in modern legal literature and the current criminal procedure legislation.

Keywords: lawyer, stage, initiation of criminal proceedings, procedural provision, rights, obligations, representative.

ON THE ISSUE OF DISTINGUISHING THE GROUNDS FOR TERMINATION OF A CRIMINAL CASE OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THEIR LEGAL NATURE AND LEGAL CONSEQUENCES

Alla V. Endol'tceva

Abstract. The article deals with the legal nature of the grounds for termination of a criminal case and termination of criminal prosecution. The author distinguishes them taking into account the legal consequences of their application, paying attention, first of all, to whether a person has the right to rehabilitation or not. It is noted that in the criminal procedure law, unfortunately, only the procedure for rehabilitation is defined. Consideration the author of the nature and content of rehabilitation was possible to address not only the legal but also the moral aspects of the procedural decision and a new look to the provisions of article 133 of the code of criminal procedure.

Keywords: termination of a criminal case, criminal prosecution, rehabilitation, rehabilitated, rehabilitating grounds, compensation for harm.

INTERRELATION OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE AND FORENSIC MECHANISMS OF STATE PROTECTION OF PARTICIPANTS IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

Alexander Yu. Epikhin, Andrei V. Mishin

Abstract. The article presents author's approaches to the study of the problem of intersectoral interaction of criminal procedure and forensic mechanisms in the activities of criminal prosecution bodies to ensure the safety of participants in criminal proceedings. For the first time, the concept and content of the forensic mechanism and its main elements are presented.

Keywords: mechanism, witness protection, security in criminal matters, criminal procedure mechanism, forensic mechanism, intersectoral contradictions.

NOVELLAS OF A SPECIAL ORDER OF THE COURT SESSION WITH THE CONSENT OF THE ACCUSED WITH THE CHARGE

Alla S. Esina, Ol'ga E. Zhamkova

Abstract. The article deals with the peculiarities of conducting a special order of a court session with the consent of the accused with the charge, taking into account the latest changes and additions.

Keywords: special order, defendant, agreement with the prosecution, Prosecutor, victim.

IMPLEMENTATION OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE RELATIONS IN THE CONTEXT OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Oleg A. Zaitsev

Abstract. The article examines the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on unpredictable manifestations that affect all spheres of society, including criminal procedure relations. In the current situation, the most relevant are scientific-based developments aimed at improving the criminal procedure legislation and judicial and investigative practice. There is an urgent need to take adequate measures to ensure the rights of participants in criminal proceedings in isolation.

Keywords: pandemic, COVID-19, criminal procedure, rights of participants in criminal proceedings, criminal procedure relations.

STATEMENT OF THE PETITION BY SUSPECT AND VICTIM DURING THE INVESTIGATION IN AN ABBREVIATED FORM

Aleksandra V. Zemskova, Tat'yana A. Ilyashevich

Abstract. The article is devoted to the consideration of the provisions related to the right of a suspect to submit a request for an inquiry in an abbreviated form, the right of the victim to object to an abbreviated form of inquiry. The article also considers the shortcomings of submitting a petition to suspects and victims, which provides for the transition to an inquiry in a general manner, and suggests ways to solve them.

Keywords: investigator, defender, suspect, victim, reduced inquiry form, petition.

TOPICAL ISSUES OF FAMILIARIZATION OF THE VICTIM AND HIS REPRESENTATIVE WITH THE MATERIALS OF THE CRIMINAL CASE (COMPARATIVE LEGAL ANALYSIS OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE LAWS OF RUSSIA AND VIETNAM)

Dmitriy A. Ivanov, Vo Kim Dung

Abstract. This article deals with the problem of familiarizing the victim and his representative with the materials of the criminal case based on the study of the criminal procedure laws of Russia and Vietnam. Analyzing the problem, the authors found that, in contrast to the Russian legislation, the right of a representative of a legal entity that has suffered from a crime to get acquainted with the materials of a discontinued criminal case is not defined in the current Code of Criminal Procedure of the SVR.

Keywords: criminal proceedings, representation, representative, legal entity, victim, stage of preliminary investigation.

TRANSFORMATION OF SOURCES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE LAW DURING THE PANDEMIC

Natalia V. Ilyutchenko

Abstract. In this paper, the author analyzes the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the system of sources of criminal procedure law and criminal procedure relations in General, as well as those changes in the activities of the court and the defense that were caused by restrictions related to the risk of infection with coronavirus. The author concludes that during the period of restrictions, judicial practice and departmental acts came to the fore as regulators of criminal procedure relations, which is unacceptable for the future, since it negatively affects the observance of human and civil rights and freedoms.

Keywords: COVID-19 pandemic, sources of criminal procedure law, preventive measure, court, criminal proceedings.

ON THE CRITERIA FOR THE POSSIBILITY OF TERMINATION OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTION

Oksana V. Kachalova, Eduard S. Kaminsky

Abstract. The article defines the criteria on the basis of which officials conducting criminal proceedings make a decision on the possibility of termination of criminal prosecution if there are grounds for this. Objective criteria (features of objects of criminal encroachment, their number and content) and subjective criteria (change in the degree of public danger of the person who committed the crime, after correction and reconciliation with the victim) are determined.

Keywords: termination of criminal prosecution, alternative ways to resolve criminal law conflicts, active remorse, reconciliation with the victim, public interest.

PROVISION BY THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY OF LEGAL ASSISTANCE IN CRIMINAL CASES WHEN RECEIVING ELECTRONIC INFORMATION: LEGAL AND TECHNICAL SUBSTANCES

Kirill K. Klevtsov

Abstract. The article discusses the features of the provision of mutual legal assistance in criminal cases by the Federal Republic of Germany in terms of submitting electronic information to the competent authorities of foreign states. Using the example of departmental documents of German law enforcement agencies, data are provided, both legal and technical, that should be taken into account by foreign colleagues when organizing international cooperation in this area.

Keywords: Germany, international cooperation, legal aid, criminal proceedings, electronic information.

THE ROLE OF THE HIGHEST RUSSIAN AND INTERNATIONAL COURTS IN IDENTIFYING INVESTIGATIVE ERRORS

Nikita A. Kolokolov

Abstract. By analyzing the contradictory judicial practice, the author examines the problem of detection by the supreme courts of the Russian Federation and the International Court of Human Rights of mistakes made by the preliminary investigation bodies, prosecutors and courts.

Keywords: procedural error, error of the investigative, prosecutorial error, judicial error, the correction of the investigative, prosecutorial and judicial errors.

THE CURRENT LEGAL STATUS OF THE PROSECUTOR IN THE PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION OF A CRIMINAL CASE AND THE DIRECTIONS OF ITS IMPROVEMENT

Oleg V. Levchenko

Annotation. The position of the prosecutor in the preliminary investigation of a criminal case is limited to the functions of supervision over the procedural activities of the preliminary investigation body. The prosecutor has limited rights to prosecute and prove, which negatively affects the maintenance of the prosecution in court. It is proposed to return to the prosecutor the leading role in the preliminary investigation.

Keywords: prosecutor, preliminary investigation, criminal procedure, accusation, proof.

GUARANTEES OF OBSERVANCE OF THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS INVOLVED IN CRIMINAL PROCEDURAL ACTIVITIES WITHOUT ACQUISITION OF PARTICIPANT STATUS IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

Oxana V. Michurina

Abstract. Acquisition of procedural status allows to a person involved in criminal procedural activities with the opportunity to be called a participant in criminal proceedings. But is it acceptable to have rights and bear obligations without having a procedural status? That is to say, to be a person involved in criminal procedural activities, but at not to be a participant in criminal proceedings. In addition to a positive answer to the question, the article proposes to consider the guarantees of the observance of the rights of persons involved in criminal procedural activities, regardless of whether they acquired the status of a participant in criminal proceedings or not.

Keywords: participant in criminal proceedings, procedural status, status of a participant in criminal proceedings, acquisition of procedural status, persons without procedural status, other persons, other persons, rights and obligations, guarantees of observance of rights.

MUTUAL SUPPORT AND OPPOSITION OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC INTERESTS IN CASE OF EXEMPTION FROM CRIMINAL LIABILITY

Pavel O. Panfilov, Viktor V. Shishov

Abstract. The article analyzes the problems of correlation of private and public interests in criminal proceedings in Russia. The authors conclude that private and public interests mutually support each other, are able to create mechanisms that more effectively solve the tasks of the criminal process, as well as meet the needs of all members of society.

Keywords: criminal procedure, criminal case, economic and entrepreneurial activity, public and private interest, exemption from criminal liability, «amnesty of capital», termination of criminal prosecution, judicial fine.

RAISING THE STANDARDS OF EVIDENCE IS THE MAIN MEANS OF HUMANIZING CRIMINAL POLICY

Alexander V. Pobedkin

Abstract. The article is devoted to the analysis of the essence and directions of humanization of criminal policy in terms of its component – criminal procedure policy. It is noted that the humanization of criminal policy is not the same as the mitigation of criminal law measures applied to persons found guilty of a crime. Humanization – ensuring the safety of each person as a member of society is directly determined by the level of the procedural form, which should make it possible to identify those who are really guilty of committing a crime, which will not allow aggravating the application of criminal-legal measures (at least not the most severe) to innocent people. The main shortcomings of the modern criminal procedural form, associated with the ignorance of scientifically grounded patterns of cognitive activity and crime prevention, are revealed. It is shown that the mitigation of measures of criminal law in a situation of increasing criminal threats and without due procedural guarantees of the correct establishment of circumstances in a criminal case is not a humanization.

Keywords: humanization of criminal policy, criminal procedural guarantees, criminal procedural form, simplified proceedings, criminal procedural proof.

«QUALITY CRITERIA» OF CHANGES INTO THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURAL LAW

Ekaterina A. Prokhorova

Abstract. The article is devoted to the «quality criteria» of the changes introduced to the criminal procedure law. The basic requirements to which the changes aimed at optimizing criminal procedural activity must be met are substantiated.

Keywords: changes to the criminal procedure law, «quality criteria», requirements for changes in criminal procedure law.

THE EXTENSION OF THE DETENTION PERIOD: ERRORS AND WAYS TO PREVENT THEM

Aleksandr V. Pushkin, Nikolay G. Shuruhnov

Abstract. In the article, the authors consider the practical problems that the court faces when choosing and extending a preventive measure in the form of detention, suggest ways to solve them and ways to improve the legislation. **Keywords:** preventive measure, detention, accused, court, court session.

SUBMISSION AND DEMAND AS WAYS TO COLLECT EVIDENCE IN THE PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION OF A CRIMINAL CASE

Sergey B. Rossinskiy

Abstract. The article is devoted to consideration of submission and reclamation as ways of collecting things and documents in a preliminary investigation in a criminal case, which are subject to submission as material evidence, other documents, expert opinions, the results of operational-search and administrative activities of law enforcement agencies.

Taking into account the «technical» nature of these actions, the author is convinced that there is no need for their strict normative formalization, which is equal in terms of the level of legal guarantees with the regime provided for the production of investigative actions. However, the author advocates the need to create a clearer regulatory framework for their effective use in the process of proving in a criminal case.

Keywords: preliminary investigation, retrieval of evidence, presentation of evidence, collecting evidence, criminal procedural proof.

THE RIGHT TO MISCARRIAGE OF JUSTICE IS LEGALIZING OF JUDICIAL UNPROFESSIONALISM AND PERSONAL IRRESPONSIBILITY OF JUDGES

Alexander A. Sumin

Abstract. The article analyzes the problem of the inevitability of judicial errors in criminal procedure. It is concluded that judicial errors are mainly caused by subjective factors and, above all, unprofessionalism, insufficient awareness of judges of their high status and the consequences of judicial errors. The objective conditions are not a determining factor in miscarriages of justice.

Keywords: justice, criminal proceedings, miscarriages of justice.

DIFFERENTIATION FROM ECONOMIC AND BUSINESS CRIMES PROCEEDINGS AND RESPECT FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF CITIZENS

Pavel G. Sychev

Abstract. Differentiation of the economic and business crimes proceedings violates the constitutional principle of equality of all before the law and the courts. To eliminate the imbalance, it is necessary to develop differentiation in the direction of increasing efficiency of the criminal proceeding.

Keywords: differentiation of the criminal proceeding, economic and business crime, Constitution of the Russian Federation, criteria, elements, direction, prospects of differentiation.

IMPROVING THE LEGAL REGULATION OF CERTAIN MEASURES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ENFORCEMENT OF PROPERTY NATURE IN THE CONTEXT OF ACCELERATED DIGITALIZATION OF SOCIETY

Igor' B. Tutynin

Abstract. The article presents trends in improving the legal regulation of certain measures of criminal procedural coercion of a property nature in modern conditions.

Keywords: measures of criminal procedure enforcement of property, digitalization of criminal proceedings.

ON THE CONCEPT AND SYSTEM OF URGENT INVESTIGATIVE ACTIONS IN MODERN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

Anna Y. Fedyukina

Abstract. The author's approach to the concept and system of urgent investigative actions is proposed and justified on the basis of the norms of modern criminal procedure legislation, departmental normative legal acts, and the results of a survey of employees of preliminary investigation bodies. Signs of urgent investigative actions are highlighted, their types are considered, depending on the stages of the criminal case, within the time limit set for them by the legislator. The issue concerning the classification of investigative actions performed before the initiation of a criminal case as urgent was raised.

Keywords: urgent investigative actions, body of inquiry, investigator, initiation of criminal proceedings, urgency, term, traces of crime, evidence.

SOME REMARKS ON THE PRINCIPLES OF USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TECHNOLOGIES IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS IN RUSSIA

Ol'ga V. Khimicheva, Alexey V. Andreev

Abstract. The development of artificial intelligence technologies requires consideration of the possibility of their implementation in domestic criminal proceedings. The article analyzes the European ethical Charter on the use of artificial intelligence in judicial systems and their environment 2018, which sets out the basic principles of the use of artificial intelligence technologies in judicial proceedings. The authors conclude that these General principles should be adjusted to take into account the specifics of criminal proceedings.

Keywords: artificial intelligence, introduction of artificial intelligence, directions of development of criminal proceedings, COMPAS, European ethical Charter on the use of artificial intelligence, principles of using artificial intelligence.

THE EVOLUTION OF THE FUNCTIONS OF INVESTIGATOR IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS OF RUSSIA

Yuriy A. Tsvetkov

Abstract. The article describes the functions of the modern Russian investigator from the point of view of their evolution under the influence of the historical and socio-political situation, the level and structure of crime, changes in legislation and reform of organizational forms of investigative activity, as well as their complication and confusion due to the complex legal nature of this position, which is a participant in both procedural and administrative legal relations, belonging to both the system of justice and law enforcement agencies.

Keywords: investigator, investigation, investigative authority, criminal procedure, procedural functions.

PROCEDURE AND TERMS OF APPEAL BY THE INVESTIGATOR INVESTIGATIVE COMMITTEE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION DECISIONS OF THE PROSECUTOR ON THE RETURN OF THE CRIMINAL CASE FOR ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATION

Andrey A. Shishkov, Yulia I. Shirokova

the key problems that arise during the procedure of appeal by the investigator of the prosecutor's decision on the return of the criminal case for additional investigation. The authors conclude that the institution of appeal under consideration needs to be improved, and therefore some changes to the current legislation are proposed.

Keywords: investigator, complaint, prosecutor, additional investigation, supervision.

ON SOME FACTORS HINDERING THE EFFECTIVE DETECTION AND INVESTIGATION OF CRIMES COMMITTED IN CYBERSPACE

Zaurbi L. Shkhagapsoev

Abstract. The article discusses some of the factors that hinder the effective disclosure and investigation of crimes committed in cyberspace. Several key, in the opinion of the author, factors are given with a detailed explanation of the reasons for their occurrence. At the same time, the author offers his own vision of how to increase the effectiveness of the fight against cybercrimes, improve the prevention of their commission, fill gaps in legislation, etc. In conclusion, the article draws conclusions corresponding to the study.

Keywords: law enforcement agencies, cybercrime prevention, cybercrime prevention, cyberspace, digital swindlers, digital fraudsters, Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Russian Federation.

SOME ISSUES OF THE LEGAL ORGANIZATION OF THE SERVICE ACTIVITIES OF EMPLOYEES OF THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Anastasia A. Popova

Abstract. The article focuses on the legal organization of the official activities of employees of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation, carried out in accordance with the local normative act, the official regulations (job description), which increases the efficiency of the performance of official duties, ensures the exercise of rights and determines responsibility for non-performance (improper performance) of official duties.

The author draws attention to the fact that the official regulations (job description) are an integral part of the contract, which fixes the range of duties and powers individually for each employee.

The most interesting court proceedings concerning the issues of dismissal from the internal affairs bodies for improper implementation or non-implementation of the points of the official regulations (job description) are considered.

Keywords: legal organization of the employee's official activity, official regulations (job description), official audit, court proceedings, plaintiff, dismissal.

TO THE ISSUE OF THE CRIMINOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION OF ABUSE OF AUTHORITY (ST. 201 CRIMINAL CODE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION)

Yuriy G. Kleshchenko

Abstract. During the analysis of the economic and legal category «finance», it was concluded that the finances of the organization are the main important link in the financial and budgetary system of the state. That is why the state exercises financial, including tax control in this area, since sometimes the leadership of commercial organizations in order to extract personal, self-interest and property benefits abuse official powers, which is detrimental to the economic interests not only of the enterprise itself, but also of the state in the form of lost tax payments to the corresponding budget. In the article, the author, as a result of an analysis of the elements of the forensic characteristic of abuse of authority, revealed the specifics of criminal cases initiated under Art. 201 of the Criminal Code of the Russian Federation, which consists in the fact that in the event of recognition of a commercial organization as the injured party and the absence of other victims, with a subsequent change in the requirement related to not bringing to justice the person who caused her harm, the court is obliged to make a decision to terminate the criminal case. It was noted that during the investigation of cases of this category, some difficulties were revealed in the process of proving the subjective side of the corpus delicti. Often, suspects (accused), in order to conceal illegal activities, try to disguise criminal actions as lawful civil law and other transactions, under production necessity. The author of the article argues that in investigating these criminal cases there are problems in determining the legal status of the guilty party, since at present there are no mandatory rules in the current legislation that oblige to disclose the content of official instructions, which entails some difficulties in establishing the scope of office.

Keywords: abuse of authority, investigation, forensic characterization, financial and economic activity, economic crime.

RUSSIAN TAX LEGISLATION IN THE EARLY YEARS OF SOVIET POWER (HISTORICAL AND LEGAL ASPECT)

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Abstract. The article examines the activities of the executive authorities of the RSFSR to create a tax system in the early years of Soviet power.

Keywords: RSFSR, Soviet power, law, tax law, executive power.

SOURCES OF LEGAL REGULATION OF BANKING SECRECY IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION AND SOME FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Anatoliy Yu. Olimpiev, Natal'ya V. Mikhailenko

Abstract. In the legislation of the Russian Federation there is no definition of the concept of «banking secrecy», which causes difficulties in the implementation of law enforcement practice, in particular, when establishing the range of information constituting banking secrets, and as a consequence of the lack of the necessary protection of banking secrets. The purpose of the study is to identify the features and problems of legal regulation of banking secrecy in the Russian Federation.

Keywords: banking secrecy, Europe, digitalization of economics, civil disputes, criminal cases, law enforcement, tax authorities, financial revenues, regulations, digitalization, outsourcing.

ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF ADMINISTRATIVE RESPONSIBILITY OF MINORS

Yuliya N. Sosnovskaya, Eleonora V. Markina

Abstract. In the article the authors consider issues related to holding minors administratively liable. The legal status of minors has a distinctive feature associated with the age of the subject of legal relations. With insufficient life experience, unstable psyche, suggestibility, lack of clearly formed legal attitudes and values, minors can be involved in illegal behavior. Particular vulnerability creates the opportunity for a minor to become a victim of the illegal behavior of others. In this regard, the current legislation enshrines special guarantees, additional legal mechanisms to ensure the protection of the rights and interests of minors, to protect them from marginal impact. The article examines the features of the administrative-legal status of a minor as a subject of administrative responsibility.

Keywords: administrative liability, minors, good faith, administrative penalty, legislation in power, wrongdoing, restriction of rights and freedoms, improvement of administrative legislation.

IDENTIFICATION OF TRENDS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF TAX REVENUES TO THE CONSOLIDATED BUDGET OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION SUBJECTS

Natalia M. Boboshko

Abstract. In a market economy, taxes become the most effective tool for regulating new economic relations. Every year more attention is paid to tax revenue planning. Currently, there are many different methods of planning and forecasting tax revenues, which have their pros and cons. Current planning methods often do not lead to a reliable justification of regional budget revenues, which is due to insufficient development of the methodology and methodological support for planning tax revenues.

The study will not only assess the effectiveness of the analyzed methods of planning and forecasting tax revenues, but also determine how the budget revenue plan for the corresponding region is implemented and the state of the tax system as a whole.

Keywords: tax revenues, budget planning and forecasting, analytical alignment, characteristics of time series.

ENSURING THE ECONOMIC SECURITY OF THE STATE IN THE CONTEXT OF WESTERN SANCTIONS

Andrey V. Minakov, Svetlana B. Lapina

Abstract. Subject of this research is the impact of sanctions on the country's economic security. Purpose is generalization of the main approaches to the definition of basic concepts, analysis of the impact of sanctions on the economic security of the state. General scientific, special and private scientific methods were used. Result of the research is the analysis of the application of sanctions against the state, taking into account changes in macroeconomic indicators characterizing its economic security. Field of application of the results – applied research in the field of the country's economic security. It is concluded that in the context of sanctions, measures taken to stabilize the country's economic security may not always have a positive effect.

Keywords: economic security, tasks of economic security, economic sanctions, the impact of sanctions on economic security, the United States and the EU, countermeasures.

ORGANIZATION GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES: PAST, PRESENT, FUTURE

Vladimir K. Nazimko, Nelli V. Tskhadadze

Abstract. The authors reveal the methodological significance of management principles in the history of civilization. Including because of their influence on the rules and way of life of people, spiritual values, culture, as well as the perception of power. It is noted that the relevance of management principles as a management tool will only grow. First, in connection with the need to ensure their continuity with the spiritual heritage and constitutional rules of government. Secondly, due to the need to enhance the attractiveness of organizations for highly qualified personnel. Third, in view of their role as a catalyst for progressive change in the organization. The reasons for the relevance of management principles for business entities of modern Russia are considered. Shows their evolution for industrial organizations with a change in views on management. The importance of specifying the rules of conduct for managers in the code of conduct for management personnel of any organization is noted.

Keywords: principles of management, concepts of building an organization, bureaucracy, spiritual values, Divine commandments, organizational culture, code of conduct for management personnel.

THE SHADOW ECONOMY AND ITS ELIMINATION MECHANISMS

Lada Ya. Smirnova

Abstract. The article examines the criminalization of economic relations, analyzes the problems of the displacement of shadow entrepreneurship in the official economy, and suggests ways to eliminate the shadow economy.

Keywords: economic security, criminalization of the economy, economy, shadow economy, economic relations.

KEY ASPECTS OF COORDINATION OF REGIONAL INTEGRATION PROCESSES WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF BRICS COOPERATION

Andrey A. Yakovlev

Abstract. This article briefly describes some actual trends in creating conditions for the formation of economic and political-economic associations at the interstate level in various regions of the world. The basic qualitative properties of regional integration processes in general are described. At the same time, a relatively new level of inter-country coordination of regional integration is highlighted, which is manifested in the interaction of the BRICS States. The article considers some strategic goals aimed at expanding of cooperation and increasing the competitiveness of BRICS members (given that these countries can act as poles within a polycentric world economy).

Keywords: regionalization of the economy, regional integration associations, diversification of investment and trade cooperation, foreign direct investment, domestic investment potential, macroeconomic policy.

ISSUES OF PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN BUSINESS AND EDUCATION IN THE WORKS OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN RESEARCHERS

Svetlana V. Frumina

Abstract. Cooperation between universities and business retains a dominant position in modern education, which is manifested in the organization of research campuses, business incubators, internships in business structures, etc. Nevertheless, such cooperation is fraught with a number of problems both from business structures and from the academic community, the solution of which is to improve the toolkit for interaction between universities and business, which makes it possible to strengthen incentives for involving interested users in this process.

Keywords: education, business, integration, partnership, innovative economy.

RUSSIAN SOCIETY AND FOREIGN WORDS

Anna E. Varnayeva

Abstract. The article is devoted to the analysis of a number of active processes which take place in the Russian language during the latest decades. Much attention among them occupies borrowing foreign words that has total character. The situation demands from the society to work out and propagandize well-founded scientific position towards foreign words. Moreover it is necessary to pay much more serious attention to the work with young people for the sake of passing them important knowledge about their native language and forming national values among them.

Keywords: inherent and external laws of language development, abbreviation, determinologization, combined possibilities of words, primordial Russian vocabulary, loan-word vocabulary, assimilating of foreign vocabulary.

ON THE ISSUE OF PREVENTING THE SPREAD OF LYNCHING CRIMINAL REPRISALS IN SOCIETY BY MEANS AND METHODS OF EDUCATIONAL AND PEDAGOGICAL INFLUENCE

Alexander M. Smirnov

Abstract. The article is devoted to some means and methods of pedagogical influence on the subjects of lynching of a criminal nature in order to effectively prevent them from committing these socially dangerous acts.

Keywords: pedagogy, practical pedagogy, pedagogical influence, criminal lynching.

THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF ENHANCING STUDENTS' COGNITIVE ACTIVITY IN THE LEARNING PROCESS

Sergey A. Knyazev, Andrey V. Kornaushenko, Yana S. Khramkova

Abstract. This scientific article considers the theoretical and practical aspect of the problem of stimulating and activating students' cognitive activity in the learning process. The organizational learning process is analyzed, which requires the introduction of new forms, tools and methods, as well as the development of new methods for providing educational material and evaluation control over its assimilation. Didactic means of activating cognitive activity and stimulating cognitive activity of students are considered. The specifics of organizing and conducting classes using programmed materials depend on their goals, the type of materials and their place in the lesson. The most effective combination of programmed training with all existing forms and methods of training. An important feature of students' learning activities is systematic active and independent work with educational materials and other sources of knowledge in combination with self-control and self-correction. Thus, the conducted research has shown that the organizational process of independent activity of students based on programmed educational materials significantly activates their cognitive activity and increases the pedagogical efficiency of the educational process.

Keywords: cognitive activity, cognitive activity, didactic tools, programmed educational materials, kinogram.

COPING TECHNOLOGY TO OVERCOME BARRIERS OF INTERPERSONAL INTERACTION IN THE PROCESS OF SELF-DEVELOPMENT OF CADETS AND STUDENTS OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS OF THE MIA OF RUSSIA

Vladimir F. Rodin, Natalia R. Turavec, Evgeniy A. Shchurov

Abstract. The article discusses the relevant practical training of students and employees of the interior Ministry coping technology to overcome barriers of interpersonal interaction in the process of self-development of cadets and students; examines the psychological barriers, determined by the effective coping technology, defines a rational training courses aimed at overcoming barriers to self-development on the basis of self-regulation, the acquisition of skills of confident behaviour, managing negative emotions, on the exercise of self-control.

Keywords: self-development, psychological barriers, interpersonal interaction, coping technologies.

FORMATION OF MORAL GUIDELINES OF CADETS OF EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF THE SYSTEM OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA IN THE PROCESS OF STUDYING THE DISCIPLINE «PHYSICAL TRAINING»

Alexander L. Slavko

Abstract. The scientific article raises the problem of improving the educational process of studying the discipline «Physical training» on the basis of the formation of moral and ethical qualities. The essence and significance of moral guidelines are analyzed. The substantiation of the role of moral guidelines, which have an impact on the moral development of a student of educational organizations of the system of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, is given.

Keywords: moral guidelines, education, upbringing, service-applied physical training, cadet, physical development, moral and moral qualities, personality, values, conscience, dignity, defender of law and order.

THE METHOD OF COOPERATION AS AN ALTERNATIVE APPROACH TO THE TRAINING OF CADETS OF EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA

Vadim A. Khromov, Oleg V. Krasilov, Sergey V. Manannikov

Abstract. This article discusses the possibility of using the method of cooperation («saw», «group puzzle») in the training of cadets of educational institutions of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, and its relevance. The influence of the method on their cognitive activity.

Keywords: cooperation in training, the «saw» method, training of cadets, the educational process.